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FOREIGN AGRICULTURE CIRCULAR

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
Foreign Agricultural Service Washington D.C.



U. S. DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE
NATIONAL AGRICULTURE
MAR 2 3 1963

GRAIN FG 1-63 March 1963

CURRENT SERIAL MELLURDS

NEAR RECORD 1962 WORLD

BREAD GRAIN CROP CONFIRMED

Revised estimates place 1962 world bread grain production at 297 million short tons, second only to the 1958 record. Latest information available to the Foreign Agricultural Service indicates a substantial increase in the 1962 world total since the first forecast. See Foreign Crops and Markets World Summaries, September 1962.

The increase is wholly in wheat, with the present estimate of 8,670 million bushels up 280 million bushels above the early forecast. Most of the increase is in Western Europe, especially France, and in the Soviet Union, where final outturns were larger than expected.

World rye production is now placed at 1,310 million bushels, the smallest outturn for many years. This is a reduction of 40 million bushels from the earlier forecast, all in the estimate for the Soviet Union.

A record wheat crop in Western Europe this year will greatly reduce import requirements for this marketing season. An increase of 340 million bushels over the 1961 outturn in this area would seem to limit import needs to the amount of strong wheats required for blending with weaker domestic wheats.

Asia's overall total is also high and 155 million bushels above the 1961 total. This will mean reduction in import requirements of some countries, though total imports will still be large. With Africa's total back to normal after the poor 1961 harvest, some reduction in imports can be expected there also.

As a result of reduced import requirements in a number of importing countries, world trade is expected to fall about 180 million bushels below the 1961-62 total of 1,734 million bushels.

WHEAT: Acreage, yield per acre, and production in specified countries, year of harvest, average 1955-59, annual 1960-62 $\underline{1}/$

		Acreage	ge 2/	••		Yield per	er acre 3/			Production	tion	
Continent and country	Average : 1955-59 :	1960	1961	1962 4/	Average : 1955-59 :	1960	1961	1962 4/	. Average : 1955-59 :	1960 :	1961 :	1962 4/
	1,000 :	1,000 :	1,000 :	1,000 :	Bushels	Bushels	Bushels	: Bushels	1,000 : bushels	1,000 : bushels :	1,000 : bushels :	1,000 bushels
North America: Canada		23,198 : 1,853 : 51,896 :	25,316 : 2,016 : 51,551 :	26,893 : 2,160 : 43,545 :	20.5 : 22.3 : 22.3	26.2	25.0	20.7	465,437: 44,615: 11,095,357:	517,624: 49,600: 1,357,272:1	283,394; 50,450; ,234,743; 570,000;	557,554 51,800 1,091,787 1,702,000
Estimated total 5/	: /4,130 :	1/2030 :	: 0/6,8/	: 000,2/	. ,	0.472	72.2			al		
Europe:	634	685 :	682 :	: 899	32.8	37.7	38.3	38.8	: 20,802:		26,150:	25,950
Belgium	: 498 :	498 :	510:	516:	53.6 :	57.0 :	52.0	59.4	26,672		26,540:	30,660
Denmark	179:	203	260 :	382 :	28.8	30.2	28.9	22.0	7,514:		16,930:	15,500
Finland	10.432	10.769 :	9.876	11.174 :	34.3	37.6	35.6	: 45.6	: 358,210:	`	351,800:	510,000
Germany, West	3,045 :	3,429 :	3,435 :	3,245 :	45.5	53.0	43.1	51.8	138,676		148,000:	168,000
Greece	: 2,704:	2,820:	2,637 :	2,689 :	21.4	22.1 :	22.2	23.3	15,279:		17,250	15,900
Ireland	361:	362 :	345 :	319 :	27.2	22.1	28.4	30.6	329,880:	CA	305,000:	350,000
Mother lands	250 :	313 :	304 :	326 :	57.8	69.2	57.4	3.07 :	: 14,4461		17,450:	23,000
NOTION	35 :	22 :	24 :	24 :	32.4 :	38.2	41.7	31.2	1,134		1,000:	750
Portugal	: 2,009:	1,825:	1,606:	1,631:	12.1	10.3	8 6	12.4	24,286		123,700:	180.000
Spain	: 10,728 :	10,230:	8,700:	10,300 :	15.4 :	12.7	14.2	40.9	28,030	30,260:	29,850	31,100
Sweden	831 :		070	756 :	44.7	49.4	41.9	46.5	10,860:		11,400:	11,900
Switzerland	2,008	2.101 :	1.827 :	2.256 :	48.5	53.3	52.6	: 58.5	: 101,720:	1	96,100:	132,000
Fstimated total Western Europe 5/	46.560 :	46,160 :	42,510 :	46,730:	28.2 :	28.7	29.8	: 34.3	:1,313,000:	1,325,000:1	,265,000:	1,605,000
		••	••	••			9		.001 97		\$ 500°	60.000
Bulgaria	3,466 :	3,113 :	3,212 :	3,015	19.6	23.0	27.8	19.9	54.500:		60,000:	53,000
Czechoslovakia	1,818:	1,610:	1,589	1,500	30.0	48.4	41.0	42.8	42,160		38,200:	40,200
Germany, East	3,112:	2,600	2.505 :	2,715	22.0	25.0	28.4	: 25.4	: 68,500:	65,000:	71,100:	69,000
traping	3,581	3,360 :	3,462 :	3,442 :	23.4 :	25.2	29.6	: 26.1	: 83,900:		102,500:	90,000
Rumania	7,302 :	7,010 :	7,337 :	7,520 :	16.2 :	18.1	19.8	18.6	118,600:		145,000:	110,000
Yugoslavia Factorn Finone 5/	75,310 :	5,090:	24.130 :	24.470 :	21.5	24.5	24.9	23.1	542,000:	590,000:	600,000:	565,000
					••			••	**			000 021
Estimated total all Europe 5/:	: 71,870:	70,220:	66,640 :	71,200:	25.8	27,3	28.0	30.5	:1,855,000:	855,000:1,915,000:1,865,000:		2,1 (0,000
		. 002 01	155 000 •	: 167 800 :	12.0 :	11.4	12.3	11.9	:1,910,000:	11,910,000:1,700,000:1,900,000:2,000,000	,900,000	2,000,000
U.S.S.K. (Europe and Asia) 0/	104,000	140,000	. 0001001	2006				11				

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00700		1		!	1	1		1	••	1	**	95,950:	96,000:	103,000:	99,000
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2 5.40 ·	3.100 :	3,200 :		10.7	**	7.0		9.4 :	1	••	27,118:	22,000:	30,000:	38,000
DETT	137	135 :	118 :	!	17.6		1.1	. 1	: 6.9	1	**	2,418:	1,500:	2,000:	:
Israel	. 824		1 1	!	8.6			1		!	••	5,458:	1,600:	5,100:	4,000
Jordan	162	128 :	143 :	146 :	10.4	**	5.7		. 0.6	12.6		1,682:	735:	1,290:	1,840
Lebanon	2 540	1 900	2.100 #	1 1	10.0	**	6.3		7.9 :	1	••	25,392:	12,000:	16,500:	45,000
J. L.	16,090	15,600 :	15,500 :		13.7	:	16.7	. T	4.5 :	1	••	232,000:	260,000:	225,000:	245,000
Jurkey	• 066601	000604		;	1					1	**	:000,006	:	:	1
Table	30 44B .	32.542 :	32.047 :	33.240 :	10.9	.]	1.6	: 1	2.6 :	13.		330,926:	376,700:	403,900:	434,000
That is a second of the second	11 496 :	12,192 :	11,603 :	12,571	11.6	:]	11.9	: 1	2.2 :	12.1	1	133,192:	144,700:	141,340:	151,700
TONTO TO TO THE TOTAL TO	1.551	1,489 :	1,603 :	1,585 :	32.5	**	8.71	. 4	0.8 :	37。		50,482:	56,250:	65,440:	000,09
7	317 :	306 :	310 :	330 :	14.1	. 1	16.7	. 2	0.0	18.2	2 :	4,469:	5,120;	6,200:	6,000
Fetimated total 5/	142,010:	144,600:	138,170:	145,010:	13.3		13.3	1	13.5 :	13.9	9 :1	,895,000:1	,920,000:1	865,000: 2	,020,000
		••	••						••		••	••	••	••	
ALLICAS	4 658 .	4.725 :	4.622 :	4.522 :	10.0	:]	1.6		5.2 :	1	••	46,364:	55,000:	24,200:	1
Algeria	1,561	1.512 :	1.436 :	1,510 :	34.4	(*)	36.4	ε,	8.9	37.7	. 2	53,778:	55,100:	52,800:	57,000
Money of the second sec	3,888	4,099	3,845	3,677 :	9.2	••	9.6	40	6.1 :	12.	ۍ د	35,723:	39,200:	23,300:	45,800
MICHAEL CONTRACTOR CON	2 908	3.346 :	2,000 :	2,100 :	6.1	**	5.0		4.5 :	7.		17,798:	16,600:	9,000;	15,000
Court Africa Demiklik of 7	2,906 :	2,900 :	3,100 :	2,950 :	9.5	: 1	0.1	. 1	0.5 :	9.	5	27,554:	28,300:	32,500:	28,000
Dottimated total 5/	17,600 :	18,220 :	16.850 :	16.590 :	11.1		1.5		9.5 :	12.7	7 :	195,000:	210,000:	160,000:	210,000
בארדווומנבת נסנמד אל יייי			•						**		**	••	••	**	
South America:	11,598 :	8,893	10,374 :	:	19.5		6.9		18.3 :	1	••	225,676:	150,000:	190,000:	190,000
Argentand	2 386 .	2,000		!	10,3	**	6.5			1	••	24,460:	13,000:	7,500:	;
OL:10	2,030	2,068	2.094 :	2,076:	20.0		0.0	: 1	8.8	20.	2	40,597:	41,300:	39,350:	42,000
TARACTO CONTRACTOR	412 :	410 :	395 :	408 :	12.8	:]	13.0	: 1	13.2 :	13.5	5 .	5,288:	5,330:	5,220:	5,500
The state of the s	365	380 :	377 :	395 :	14.2	:]	4.8	:]	7.0 :	15.		5,166:	5,640:	6,400:	6,100
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1.604	1.292 :	1.077 :		11.8	: 1	1.7	: 1	2.7 :	1	**	18,950:	15,160:	13,650:	-
Te+ima+bd +0+all	18,680	15,310:	16,030:	15,890:	17.4		15.3	-	16.5 :	16.7	7 :	323,000:	235,000:	265,000:	265,000
מונים ביים ביים ביים			•	01							••	••	••	**	
Oceania:	. 0620	13.430 :	14.723 :	16.122 :	17.5		20.4	-	6.7 :	18.		168,320:	273,720:	246,000:	290,000
Mostralia	103 .	187	183	195	46.7	7	49.7	4	47.0 :	50.	2	4,814:	9,290:	8,600:	9,800
New Zealand	9.732 :	13.626 :	14.906 :	16,317:	17.8		20.8		17.1 :	18.4		173,134:	283,010:	254,600:	299,800
		*	•	••					••		••	••	••		
Fetimated world total 5/ 493.020	493.020 :	487,510 :	487,510 : 486,570 :	505,490:	16.1		16.7		16.2 :	17.2		,955,000:8	:7,955,000:8,185,000:7,880,000:		8,670.000

1/ Years shown refer to years of harvest in the Northern Hemisphere. Harvests of the Northern Hemisphere countries are combined with those of the Southern Hemisphere which immediately follow; thus, the crop harvested in the Northern Hemisphere in 1962 is combined with preliminary forecasts for the Southern Hemisphere harvests, which begin late in 1962 and end early in 1963. 2/ Figures refer to harvested areas as far as possible. 3/ Yield per acre calculated from acreage and production data shown. 4/ Revised estimates for Northern Hemisphere countries, for Southern Hemisphere, preliminary forecasts based largely on acreage and weather conditions to date. 5/ Estimated totals which in the case of production are rounded to millions, include allowances for any missing data for countries shown and for other producting countries not shown. 6/ Tentative unofficial estimates for production. 7/ Production on European holdings only.

Foreign Agricultural Service. Prepared or estimated on the basis of official statistics of foreign governments, other foreign source material, reports of U.S. Agricultural Attaches and Foreign Service Officers, results of office research and related information.

RYE: Acreage, yield per acre, and production in specified countries, year of harvest, average 1955-59, annual 1960-62 1/

		Acreage	age 2/			Yield per	acre 3/			Production	tion	
Continent and country	Average 1955-59	1960	1961	1962 4/ :	Average : 1955-59 :	1960	1961	: : 1962 <u>4/</u> :	Average 1955-59	1960	1961	1962 4/
	: 1,000 : acres :	1,000 :	1,000 :	1,000 :	Bushels	Bushels	Bushels	Bushels	1,000 : bushels :	1,000 : bushels :	1,000 : bushels : 1	1,000 bushels
North America: Canada	576:	540 :	561:	668 :	16.3	18.6	11.6	18.9	9,393:	10,125:	6,519:	12,644
United States	2,305	2,224 :	2,111:	2,682:	15.8	19.4	16.1	20.1	36,423:	43,177:	33,995:	53,819
	••	••	••	••	••	••				: 000	• •	007
Austria	525:	421 :	523	516 :	31.0 :	33.0	35.5	35.7	16,254:	7.360	4,700:	4,770
Belgium	170 :	388	108 : 451 :	428 :	40.5	46.1	44.9	46.0	10,946:	17,870:	20,240:	19,680
Finland	217 :	274:	232 :	202	22.9 :	26.8	21.6	19.8	4,969:	7,330:	5,000:	4,000
France	: 888 :	738	645 :	628	20.3	22.3	21.2	22.1	18,055:	140,430:	13,660:	116,600
Germany, West	3,634 :	3,253 :	2,922 :	2,696	14.0	15.1	15.2	15.5	1,719:	1,070:	9603	960
T+alv	178:	155 :	150	138:	23.5	23.7	25.7	26.5	4,190:	3,670:	3,850:	3,660
	380 :	375 :	296 :	300 :	46.2 :	48.3	40.0	: 42.9	17,540:	18,130:	11,850:	12,870
Norway	2 :	က	2	2 :	33.0 :	50.0	55.0	47.5	1 105	150:	110:	95
Portugal	636 :	664 :	618:	642:	11.3		10.4	14.4	,163:	15,160:	12,440:	17,600
Spain	1,430	1,230	1,190	1,22,1	32.2	35.2	39.4	37.7	8,320:	9,040:	7,290:	6,900
Switzerland		32 :	30 :	34 :	44.6 :	42.3	52.7	: 46.8	1,382:	1,480:	1,580:	1,590
United Kingdom		19:	19:	18:	37.1 :	37.9	37.9	40.0	816:	120	705 000	230 000
Estimated total Western Europe 5/8	8,780 :	8,050:	7,450 :	7,180:	30.4 :	33.2	27.5	32.0	267,0003	.201, 000:	:000,002	230,000
Bulgaria	320 :	210:	210:	202	13.9	13.3	12.4	11.2	4,440:	2,800:	2,600:	2,300
Czechoslovakia	: 1,278:	1,065	1,144:	1,100:	29.8	33.1	33.0	30.0	81,152	78,000:	59.200	65,000
Germany, East	2,6/2:	2,339	2,036	5.050	18.1		17.7	15.7	18,410:	13,950:	11,700:	000,6
	1,019	10 657 •	12.058	11.610 :	22.55	24.5	27.2	27.1	285,280:	310,000:	328,500:	315,000
Pimania	•	242 :	222 :	190	15.1	16.8	18.5	: 15.8	5,960:	4,065:	4,100:	3,000
•	628:	526 :	445 :	420:	15.7 :	17.4	16.9	16.0	9,864:	9,170:	750001	435,000
Estimated total Eastern Europe 5/:	: 19,010:	17,820:	16,810:	16,190:	23.3	25.4	20.8	50.9	443,000:	433,000:	400,000:	430,000
Estimated total all Europe 5/:	: 27,790 :	25,870 :	24,260 :	23,370 :	25.5	27.8	27.0	28.5	710,000:	720,000:	655,000:	665,000
	44	40.030	41,300	41,800 :	14.2 :	13.0	14.5	: 12.9	635,000:	520,000:	:000,000	540,000
Asia: Turkey	1,611	1,425 :	1,500:	1,525 :	15.0 :	16.5	16.0	16.1	24,086:	23,500:	24,000:	24,500
South America:			1 775 .	: :	12.0	1.0	11.8	;	31,816:	19,900:	20,900:	20,000
Estimated world total 5/	1	71,740 :	71,310	71,560 :	18.1	18.5	18.8	: 18.3	:1,440,000:1	,440,000:1,330,000:1,340,000:	,340,000:	1,310,000
1									7	30 0000	+ho Couth	

1/ Years shown refer to years of harvest in the Northern Hemisphere. Harvests of Northern Hemisphere countries are combined with those of the Southern Hemisphere which immediately follow; thus, the crop harvested in the Northern Hemisphere in 1962 is combined with preliminary forecasts for the Southern Hemisphere harvests, which begin late in 1962 and end early in 1963. 2/ Figures refer to harvested areas as far as possible. 3/ Yield per acre calculated from acreage and production shown. 4/ Revised estimates for Northern Hemisphere countries; for Southern Hemisphere, preliminary forecasts based largely on acreage and weather conditions to date. 5/ Estimated totals which in the case of production are rounded to millions, include allowances for any missing data for countries shown and for other producting countries not shown. 6/ Tentative unofficial estimates for production.

Foreign Agricultural Service. Prepared or estimated on the basis of official statistics of foreign governments, other foreign source material, reports of U.S. Agricultural Attaches and Foreign Service Officers, results of office research and related information.

Wheat production in North America is now estimated at 1,702 million bushels, well above the 1961 total of 1,570 million since recovery of Canada's crop more than offsets the reduction in the U.S. crop. Acreage is much smaller than in 1961 but yields are somewhat larger. Rye production is up in both the United States and Canada.

Western Europe's wheat production of 1,605 million bushels is unprecedented and 292 million bushels above the 1955-59 average. Increases over the small 1961 harvest are general but the gain in France is the outstanding one. A large acreage with record yields bring the crop to a record 510 million bushels and a surplus of about 150 million bushels is estimated.

Rye production of 230 million bushels in Western Europe is above the poor 1961 outturn but is still below average.

Wheat production in <u>Eastern Europe</u> is below the good harvest of 1961 but is above average. The rye outturn is moderately below the 1961 harvest and also below average.

The <u>Soviet Union's</u> wheat crop appears larger than a year earlier and above average because of a near-record acreage. The rye crop was less than in 1961 because of lower yields.

A record wheat crop of 2,020 million bushels in <u>Asia</u> resulted from large acreage and good yields. <u>Africa's</u> outturn of 210 million bushels contrasts with the poor 1961 crop of 160 million bushels because of higher production in North African countries.

The wheat crop in <u>South America</u> appears to be at the 1961 level while <u>Australia's</u> crop of 290 million bushels is well above. The high level is due to record acreage and above-average yields.





UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

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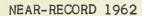
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WORLD CORN CROP ESTIMATED

Latest estimates available to the Foreign Agricultural Service bring the 1962 world production of dry corn slightly above the 1961 total and second only to the record outturn in 1960.

The current estimate of 7,455 million bushels is about 2 percent above the first forecast. See <u>Foreign Crops and Markets</u>, <u>World Summaries</u> issue, November 29, 1962. The increase from the earlier forecast stems mainly from revised figures for the United States and larger forecasts for Brazil and the Republic of South Africa. Those Southern Hemisphere countries are just beginning the corn harvest.

The present estimate for North America is 3,957 million bushels, 21 million above the 1961 figure. The U.S. production of 3,644 million bushels is the third largest of record. Yields were at an alltime high of 64.1 bushels per acre but acreage was the smallest for more than 80 years. The U.S. crop accounted for 92 percent of the North American total. Mexico's production was slightly smaller than in 1962 but was still well above average. Production of 32 million bushels in Canada was a near-record for that country.

Western Europe's total production, placed at 285 million bushels, is somewhat below the 1961 crop of 340 million. Reductions in Italy and France account for most of the decline. Those two countries normally produced about three-fourths of Western Europe's corn crop.

Production in <u>Eastern Europe</u> is estimated at 570 million bushels, little change from the 1961 level. A substantial decline in Rumania was offset by a larger crop in Yugoslavia.

The <u>Soviet Union's</u> production of dried corn is estimated at 450 million bushels, 10 percent below the 1961 harvest. Acreage was reported larger but yields appear to be considerably below the high level of the previous crop.



CORN: Acreage, yield per acre, and production in specified countries, year of harvest, average 1955-59, annual 1960-62 1/

				•	V4.0	Viold no	r 20ro 3/			Production	ction	
'		Acreage	/ 7 a			וזבזם מם	ו מנוב 5/					
Continent and country	Average : 1955-59 :	1960 :	1961 :	1962 4/ :	Average : 1955-59 :	1960	1961	1962 4/	Average 1955-59 1	1960	1961	1962 4/
	1,000 :	1,000 :	1,000 :	1,000 :	Bushels	Bushels	Bushels	Bushels	1,000 : bushels :	1,000 : bushels :	1,000 : bushels :	1,000 bushels
North America:		••			7		7.2	76.0	30 780:		29.20Bi	32,025
Canada	516 :	514 :	400	421 8	3 7 7 6	17.0	0.57		6 240:	7,1001	5.700	8,100
	1 540	1 610 :	385		11.3	12.4	13,3	 	17,500		20,500	21,500
Undergrand	822	924 :	0 1	•	11.7	12,4 8	1	:	9,634:		11,600:	;
Mexico	14,292 :	13,750:	15,790 :	15,810:	13.3	15.5	13.9	13.6	: 190,630:			215,000
•	369 :	324 :	359 :		12.5	14.2 :	7.0	1 :	4,620		2,500:	
United States 5/	66,409 :	71,649 :	58,449 :	56,842:	15.7	54.5	62.0	64.1	:3,234,891:3 : 6,800:	3,908,07033	:055,530,	3,043,010
Cuba	85	90.590 :	79.280 :	77,950 \$	41.0	46.5	49.6	50.8	:3,515,000:4	9	214,000:3,936,000:	3,957,000
			•	••	••	••				**	••	
Austria	125 :	144 :	127 :	134 :	47.0 :	58.2	61.5	1 56.7	: 5,874:			7,600
DI TOODE	1,455 :	2,036:	2,409:	2,088 :	41.8 :	54.4 :	40.4	33.5	: 60,766:	110,700		70,000
and the second s	537 \$	522 :	472 :	444 :	19.1 :	21.2	22.5	23.9	: 10,274:			10,600
[talv	3,272 :	3,150:	3,170:	2,970:	42.6 :	47.7	48.9	43.8	: 139,282:	150,100:	155,100:	130,000
Portugal	1,187 :	1,157 :	1,223 :	1,211 :	15.0 :	15.9	20.3	23.9	17,772:	18,4008	24,880:	25,900
	934 :	1,058:	1,104 :	1,087:	34.5 :	37.8	38.0	32.2	32,1791	240,000	240.000	285 000
Estimated total Western Europe 6/:	7,540:	8,090 :	8,530:	7,960 :	35.4 :	42.0 :	39.9	35.8	267,000:	340,0003	340,000	2001000
	••	••	••	••	••	••				•• '	••	
Albania	357 :		!	:	19.0 :	:	1 3	1	6,780:			: :
Bulgaria	1,787:	1,853:	1,945 :	-	22.6	25.0	21.3	:	40,340:	46,4003	20 700	1 1
Czechoslovakia	434 :	462 :	497 :		40.7	48.7	41.6	7	115,670:		107.000:	105,000
Hungary	3,194 :	3,462 :	3,310 :	3,215	30.2	39.95	32.3	32.1	180,000		215,000:	190,000
Rumania	8,764 :	8,825 8	6,200 :	6,080	20.0	38.2	28.9	32.9	185,502:		179,000:	200,000
Estimated total Eastern Europe 6/:	20,910 :	21,370	20,870:	20,310 :	26.3 :	31.6	27.6	28.1	: 550,000:	675,000:	575,000:	570,000
, / / Control	: 04V ac	20.460	29,400	28.270	28.7	34.5	31.1	30.2	: 817,000:	817,000:1,015,000:	915,000:	855,000
בארזווומרפט נסנפו פון דיין בארזווומרפט פון פון דיין	11	•	•	••	••		. 00	000	* 000	1000 000	500.003	450,000
U.S.S.R. (Europe and Asia) $\frac{7}{}$	11,925 :	12,500 :	17,800:	20,300:	26.8 :	24.0	78.1	77.77	320,000	3000	2001000	
Asias	. 707	: 717 1	1 742 .	1 630 :	17.7	17.2	16.1	15.6	30,690:	29,500	28,000:	25,500
lurkey	10,61	0 / 7 / 6 7	. 74/67				:	1	: 435,000:		:	;
China	0 881	10 774 :	11.040	11,200 :	13.0	14.7	14.5	: 14.7	: 128,100:	158,060:	160,000:	165,000
	1,007	1,207 :	1,191	1,100 :	16.4 :	14.6 :	16.4	: 16.4	: 18,020:		19,500:	18,000
Todopeda	5,611	6.500 :	6,220 :	6,425:	14.8	14.9 :	14.5	: 14.1	: 82,850:		90,500	90,500
Junear 1	121 :	108 :	107 :	104 :	32.2 :	41.7 :	42.7	: 42.1	3,900:		4,570:	4,380
Philippines	3,889 :	5,054:	4,977 :	4,926 :	8.6	9.4	9.4	7.6	38,190:	47,600:	23 500:	26.000
Thailand	275 :	703 :	780 :	830 :	21.7	30.1	30.1	31.3	790,000	870.000:	845,000:	875,000
Estimated total 6/	46,580 :	10/6,20	33,400 :	. 0/0,50	. 0.11		2.61					

																			-	3	-					
	;	:	65,000	13,700	1	3,600	;	75,000	225,000	600,000		235,000	;	6,500	30,000	5,900	13,800	6,300	21,000	710,000		7,600	470	8,200		,455,000
••		:	53,540:	7,100:	:	3,540:	12,000:	80,000:	220,000:	555,000:	••	210,000:	370,000:	6,250:	29,000:	5,700:	13,340:	6,100:	14,000:	670,000:	••	7,300:	410:	7,800:	••	430,000:
••			:009,99	15,750:		3,100:	14,800:	55,000:	190,000:	540,000:	••	190,000:	354,000:	5,700:	34,000:	6,300:	13,340:	8,600:	17,300:	625,000:	••	6,300:	500:	6,900:	**	575,000:7,
••	19,686:	13,110:	63,916:	11,622:	16,316:	2,643:	12,220:	52,000:	141,946:	160,000:	••					5,900:	11,530:	6,920:	13,380:	560,000:	**	5,700:	332:	6,100:	••	:6,465,000:7,575,000:7,430,000: 7,455,000
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	1	;	33.9	12,3	1	:	:	;		19.8		:	;	34.4	17.6	:	22.0	9.6	:	22.9		34.4	58.8	35.7		30.8
••	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	00		••	••	••		-	.
	1	;	28.7	7.1	ŀ	14.3	1	;	22.4	18.6		30.7	20.9	34.0	16.5	1	21.3	9.5	14.6	22.3		34.8	58.6	35.5		31.0
**	••	**	••	••	••	••	••	••	••			•	••	••	••	••	••	••	••		••	••	••		••	-
	1	ł	35.2	15.7	1	13.1	1	1	20.5	18.2		28.0	21.	31.1	19.5	12.2	21.3	12.6	17.6	21.5		35.0	62.5	36.3		31.0
**	••	••		••	••	••	••	••			••	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	••		••		••	••		
	16.7	26.2	33.3	10.1	9.6	13.0	8.4	17.6	14.9	16.0		29.7	19.7	28.2	19.0	12.3	19.1	8.9	19.1	21.5		31.7	55.3	32.1		28.4
**	••	••		••	••	••	••	••	••		••	••	••			••	••	••	••			••	••			
	;	;	1,920	1,112	`	;	;	;	:	30,300		ł	;	186	1,705	`	626	655	:	30,940		221	80	230		241,660
••	••	**	 &		••	. 7	••	••			-	٠.				••										
	;	ł	1.86	1,000	:	247	1	1	9.800	29,800		6.84	17,72	184	1,754	` ¦	62	099	8	30,020		210		220		239,980 : 241,660 :
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	;	.1	1,890	1,005	1	237	;	1	9.400	29,750		6.78	16,7	183	1,76	517	9	39	6	29,0		18		15		
**	.182 :	500	. 921	,147 :	. 705	204	53 :	. 09	9.540 :	50 .	•	55.	50	69	1.585 :	481 :	605	777	202	200		180:	··	06		20 :
••		î	-		-		1.453					5.855	<u> </u>							26,0			••			: 227,7
0 () () ()	Copo (leonoldville)	Composition (Service)	TO COLLAND		Former French West Africa	Malagasy Republic	Andola	Federation of Rhodesia & Nvasaland :	South Africa Remiblic of	Estimated total 6/	Compt Amoral Co.	Angest to	Day 1	OF TOTAL	e iquo	Foliable		Mellollall	Veneziela	Estimated total 6/ 26,020 :	Oceanias	Australia	Now Zeal and	Estimated total 6/		Estimated world total 6/ 227,720 : 24

1/ Years shown refer to years of harvest in the Northern Hemisphere. Harvests of Northern Hemisphere countries are combined with those of the Southern Hemisphere harvest Hemisphere which follow; thus the crop harvested in the Northern Hemisphere in 1962 is combined with preliminary forecasts for the Southern Hemisphere harvest which begins early in 1963. 2/ Figures refer to harvested area as far as possible. 3/ Yield per acre calculated from acreage and production data shown. 4/ Revised estimates for Northern Hemisphere countries; for the Southern Hemisphere, revised preliminary forecasts. 5/ New series covering corn for grain only. 6/ Estimated totals, which in the case of production are rounded to millions, include allowances for any missing data for countries shown, are included in producing countries not shown, 7/ Dried corn only. 8/ Production on European holdings only. Allowances for native cultivation, not shown, are included in Harvests of Northern Hemisphere countries are combined with those of the Southern estimated total for Africa.

Foreign Agricultural Service. Prepared or estimated on the basis of official statistics of foreign governments, other foreign source material, reports of U.S. Agricultural Attaches and Foreign Service Officers, results of office research and related information.

A larger crop in Asia maintains production well above average. A record harvest is reported for India and most countries of the area had above-average outturns.

Africa's production is estimated at a record total of 600 million bushels. Harvesting is getting under way in the Republic of South Africa and other Southern Hemisphere countries. Present forecasts for these countries will be subject to revision on the basis of harvest outturns.

Prospects for <u>South America's</u> harvest, now in progress, are favorable and a crop of over 700 million bushels is expected. The outlook is for large outturns in Argentina and Brazil, the leading producers.

Foreign Agricultural Service, Fm. 5918 U. S. Department of Agriculture Washington 25, D. C.

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FOREIGN AGRICULTURE CIRCULAR

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Foreign Agricultural Service Washington D.C.



GRAIN FG 3-63 April 1963

GRAIN SUPPLIES REDUCED

IN EXPORTING COUNTRIES

Grain supplies in the four principal exporting countries on January 1, 1963 were moderately below 1962 supplies, according to estimates of the Foreign Agricultural Service. This is the second reduction since the peak reached in 1961.

Aggregate stocks of wheat, rye, barley, oats, and corn in the four countries on January 1 are estimated at 245 million short tons, 10 million below the comparable total for 1962. Current supplies are 33 million tons below the record level of January 1, 1961. The reduction from a year ago is shared by all grains except oats, but the largest single reduction is in corn, reflecting the drop in U.S. corn stocks.

In addition to the five grains covered in this report, near-record U.S. stocks of sorghum add to the large grain surpluses in this country. Stocks on January 1 were about 29 million short tons, only slightly below record holdings a year earlier and 53 percent above the 1957-61 average. Sorghums are relatively unimportant in the other three exporting countries.

Compared with the January 1962 holdings, current grain supplies show a decrease of 4 percent. Reductions are reported for each of the countries except Canada where stocks are up significantly following larger crop outturns in 1962. Substantial increases in stocks of both wheat and oats result in a gain of 5 million tons in Canada's total stocks.

Wheat supplies in the four countries are estimated at 3 billion bushels compared with 3.1 billion a year earlier. Stocks of oats are 1.3 billion bushels, 100 million more than a year ago. Supplies of barley and rye are slightly smaller than last year and corn stocks are down some 280 million bushels.

GRAINS: Estimated stocks in principal exporting countries, January 1, 1945-1963 $\underline{1}$ /

Country and year :				: Oats <u>2</u> /	: Corn	: : Total
:	Million	: Million	Million	•		: 1,000
United States:	bushels	: bushels	<u>bushels</u>	: <u>bushels</u>	<u>bushels</u>	short tons
Average 1945-49:	764	16	200	898	2,062	100,272
Average 1950-54	1,040	16	196	856	2,582	122,344
1955:	1,481	26	285	967	2,849	147.242
1956:	1,567	29	307	1,039	3,074	157,886
1957	1,489	19	292	788	3,408	160,242
1958	1,385	20	361	925	3,594	166,206
1959:	1,820	25	396	1,039	3,868	189,732
1960	1,875	20	361	766	4,344	199,362
1961:	2,068	26	358	852	4,687	216,228
1962	1,983	19	336	775	4,495	206,346
1963 3/	1,813	24	341	778	4,222	193,910
Canada: :	1,010		0-1	7.0	-, 222	1,0,,,10
Average 1945-49:	382	8	116	292	4/	19,432
Average 1950-54	563	20	194	351	4/	28,073
1955	740	28	225	290	4/	33,314
1956:	840	27	250	342	4/	37,770
1957:	970	20	274	485	4/	44,481
1958:	945	20	268	390	4/ 4/ 4/	41,972
1959:	870	13	267	365	4/	39,077
1960	850	12	262	330	4/	37,734
1961:	935	14	248	350	4/	40,344
1962:	670	8	160	280	4/	28,924
1963 3/:	760	9	171	410	4/ 4/ 4/ 4/	34,126
Argentina: :	700	7	1/1	410	Ξ/	34,120
Average 1945-49:	262	21	47	71	79	12,924
Average 1950-54	217	32	36	68	35	10,338
1955	325	30	55	50	30	
1956	260	30	55	55	25	13,550 11,540
1957:	300	40	67	85	40	14,208
1958	265	33	50	80	45	12,614
1959:	290	35 35	50	60	60	
1960	260	38	52	70	55	13,520 12,772
1961	195	22	40	65	25	
1962	210	21	38	60	45	9,166
						10,020
1963 3/	180	10	20	35	35	7,700
Australia: :	140	4/	10	00	4.1	F (0)
Average 1945-49	162	4/,	13	29	4/	5,636
Average 1950-54	209	4/,	30	46	4/	7,726
1955	245	4/,	30	50	4/	8,870
1956:	280		40	75	4/ 4/ 4/	10,560
1957	207	4/	47	60	<u>4</u> /,	8,298
1958:	132	4/,	34	37	4/,	5,368
1959:	220	4/,	67	110	4/,	9,968
1960	245	4/,	40	100	4/	9,910
1961:	315	4/,	65	112	4/,	12,802
1962:	255	4/,	41	93	<u>4</u> /	10,122
1963 3/	250	4/	38	83	4/	9,740
Total: :						100.044
Average 1945-49	1,570	45	376	1,290	2,141	138,264
Average 1950-54	2,029	68	456	1,321	2,617	168,481
1955:	2,791	84	595	1,357	2,879	202,976
1956:	2,947	86	652	1,511	3,099	217,756
1957:	2,966	79	680	1,418	3,448	227,229
1958:	2,727	73	713	1,432	3,639	226,160
1959:	3,200	73	780	1,574	3,928	252,297
1960:	3,230	70	715	1,266	4,399	259,778
1961:	3,513	62	711	1,379	4,712	278,540
1962:	3,118	48	575	1,208	4,540	255,412
1963 3/	3,003	43	570	1,306	4,257	245,476

^{1/} Data for Northern Hemisphere countries represent stocks remaining on January 1; estimates for Southern Hemisphere countries include the recently harvested new crop of small grains as well as carryover stocks of old grain on January 1. 2/ Canadian oats in bushels of 34 pounds; data for other countries in bushels of 32 pounds. 3/ Preliminary estimates. 4/ Production small and remaining stocks are of minor importance.

Foreign Agricultural Service. Prepared or estimated on the basis of official statistics of foreign governments, other foreign source material, reports of U.S. Agricultural Attaches and Foreign Service Officers, results of office research and related information.

A country breakdown shows <u>U.S.</u> stocks of the five grains at 194 million short tons, a reduction of 12 million tons from a year ago and 22 million below the record stocks in January 1961. Corn stocks of 4.2 billion bushels are 6 percent below 1962 stocks on January 1 and wheat stocks of 1.8 billion bushels are down 9 percent. Supplies of rye, barley, and oats are slightly larger than a year ago.

Canada's total stocks, as estimated at 34 million short tons, are well above the 29 million tons now estimated for a year earlier. Wheat and oats account for most of the change. Canada's stock position has been revised back to 1957, in conformity with that country's recent intercensal revisions for Prairie Province acreage, production, etc.

Southern Hemisphere figures represent total supplies in the country, i.e. carryover of old grain, plus estimates for the entire harvest of small grains nearing completion in early January. Argentine corn, however, as is the case for all Northern Hemisphere grains, represents stocks of old grain on January 1 from previous harvests.

Total grain supplies in Argentina are down to 7.7 million short tons, smallest for many years and 2.3 million tons below the small 1962 supllies. Reductions are estimated for all grains but the largest single decline is in wheat, with a reduction of 30 million bushels.

Australia's grain supplies are also down, reflecting the heavy export movement, especially for wheat. Total grain supplies are estimated at 9.7 million short tons compared with 10.1 million on January 1, 1962 and the peak of 12.8 in 1961. Wheat supplies are estimated at 250 million bushels, only slightly less than a year earlier but sharply below the 315 million bushels on January 1, 1961. Both barley and oats supplies are the smallest since 1958.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

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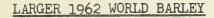
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JUL 2 3 1963

CURRENT SEMAL RECORDS

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GRAIN FG 4-63 May 1963



AND OATS CROP CONFIRMED

Latest information confirms preliminary Foreign Agricultural Services estimates of a larger world production of barley and oats than in 1961. (See Foreign Crops and Markets, monthly supplement, October 1962.)

The combined production of the two grains is now estimated at 147 million short tons, 7 percent above the 1961 total and 3 percent above the 1955-59 average. The increase was entirely in barley for which production is at an all-time high; the current world estimate is 410 million bushels larger than the 1961 total and 610 million larger than the average.

The record barley total of 3,865 million bushels is mainly attributed to unprecedented outturns in Western Europe and the Soviet Union. World acreage was at a new high and record yields also contributed to the record harvest. The estimated world production of 3,405 million bushels of oats is at the 1961 level but 675 million bushels below the 1955-59 average. Acreage was down sharply from the 1961 level, especially in the Soviet Union. World acreage of 87 million acres contrasts with a 1955-59 average of 117 million acres. Reductions since that period are general but the Soviet cut in acreage is by far the largest. Reduction in world acreage was only slightly offset by larger yields.

North America's 1962 outturn of barley and oats was 39 million short tons, more than a fourth of the world total. Though larger than the 1961 crop, harvests of both grains were below average, because of reduced acreage. Barley production is estimated at 605 million bushels, well above the 1961 harvest in both the U.S. and Canada. Production of 1,531 million bushels of oats compares with 1,300 million a year ago and the 5-year average of 1,660 million.

BARLEY: Acreage, yield per acre, and production in specified countries, year of harvest, average 1955-59, annual 1960-62 1/

		Acreade	ge 2/			Yield per	r acre 3/	(Froduction	ction	
Continent and country	Average 1955-59	1960	1961	1962 4/	Average 1955-59	1960	1961	1962 4/	Average 1955-59	1960 :	1961	1962 4/
	1,000 :	1,000 :	1,000 :	1,000 :	Bushels	Bushels	Bushels	Bushels	1,000 : bushels :	1,000 : bushels :	1,000 : bushels :	1,000 bushels
North America:	ထ်	6,857	5,529	5,287 :	26.6	28.1	20.4	31.4	238,000:	193,000:	112,640:	165,888
Mexico	602 :	605 :	604 :	618:	14.1	30.9	30.6	34.5	. 424,448:	431,309:	395,669:	429,495
United States		21,400:	19,080 :	18,350:	28.0	34,5	27.1	: 33.0	: 671,000:	633,000:	517,000:	605,000
ì			: 777	: 777	α Ο	52.3	50.6	53.6	17,110:	27,050:	23,500:	25,580
	220	250	2000	319 :	63.4	67.8	62.8	11.9	: 14,520:	17,570:	18,770:	22,930
Dooms at	-	1.868	1,975 :	2,048 :	65.1	. 88.8	65.3	: 74.5	: 110,090:	128,600:		152,500
		525 :	: 497	508	29.0	38.5	33.8	24.4	: 15,010:	20,200:		12,400
	4	5,161:	5,582 :	5,308	44.4	50.9	44.5	: 51.2	: 197,890:	262,500:		272,000
Germany West		2,421 :	2,768:	2,813:	52.1	61.1	45.2	61.1	: 111,700:	147,900:		172,000
Greece		448 :	456 :	453 :	22.3	23.9	23.7	26.7	10,950:	10,700:		26,100
Ireland		328	362 :	406 :	57.7	61.9	65.5	. 69.0	10,110:	20,300:	12,700:	13,000
:		532	543 :	518:	23.2	19.9	23.6	20.03	13,240:	12 270		10,100
Netherlands		170:	253	247 :	70.9	78.6	66.69	6.87	12,970:	13,370		17,500
Norway		358 :	380	405 :	43.2	51.3	51.7	: 44°0	13,480:	18,3303		2,900
•		296 :	314 :	358	10.4	. 3.7	7.6	- c	3,850:	2,300:		08 750
Spain	က်	3,529 :	3,583	3,484 :	21.8	20.4	22.4		82,470:	38 900		44.800
Sweden	Ψ	: 862	882	895	40.9	7 2 1	01.4 2.04	1000	2 420.	3 480:		5,200
Switzerland		63 :	72 :	. 600 6	54.4	33°Z	20.0	65.0	148,200:	198,000:	K	258,600
United Kingdom Michael Errona 5/	18 800	3,3/2	3,020 :	22,330	42.6	48.0	45.4	51.9	: 800,000:	993,0001	1	1,160,000
Estimated total Westerii Luiope 2/	1									••	••	
	656 :	726 :	650 :	650	28.6	31.4	30.8	: 27.7	: 18,770:	22,800:	20,000:	18,000
Capholovakia	_	1.750 :	1,720 :	1,675 :	37.6	45.7	42.4	: 44.8	: 61,700:	80,000:	73,000:	75,000
Commany Pact		: 096	1,068:	1,037 :	45.8	57.3	40.7	: 49.2	: 37,760:	55,000:	43,500:	51,000
Handary of the contract of the	-	1,256 :	1,289:	1,345:	31.8	36.1	35.1	34.9	: 37,280:	45,300:	45,200:	47,000
		1,774 :	1,680 :	1,640:	28.9	33.8	36.6	36.0	: 53,630:	000,09	61,500:	59,000
Rumania		657 :	702 :	620 :	21.7	28.3	30.6	: 28.7	16,940:	18,600:	21,500:	17,800
Yugoslavia	923 :	: 168	917 :	867	23.7	27.1	28.4	25.1	21,890:	24,300:	50000	21,800
Estimated total Eastern Europe 5/:	7,	8,040 :	8,050:	7,860 :	31.7	38.2	36.4	36.9	: 250,000:	307,000:	293,0001	290,000
		••	••	••	••							450,000
Estimated total all Europe 5/:	26,680:	28,710:	30,340:	30,190 :	39.4	45.3	43.0	48.0	1,000,000,1	1,300,000,1	:000,000,	1,400,000
		: 000			17 6	17	18.4	17.8	440,000:	525,000:	610,000:	720,000
U.S.S.R. (Europe and Asia) 6/	000 cz	30,000	33,100	. 0000,004	0.71		1					

	••	••	••	••	••		••	••				
	142 :	:			21.5	1	-	:	3,04			1
Sharper and the state of the st	2,015	2.224 :	:		21.1 :	18.7		:	: 42,53			43,500
ran	2,010	2,564 :	2.572 :	:	15.9	14.4	: 16.3	:	: 44,99			;
ITAC	137	172 :	45 :	- 83	22.0 :	16.7	: 44.4	:	2,94	9: 2,870:	2,000:	1
Srae -	1 213		1.038 :	1.236 :	13.2	1	-	: 22.2	: 16,06			27,500
Syria	. 202.	6.400 :	6.400 :	6,350 :	22.1	22.2	: 22.3	: 23.1	: 139,000:		142,500:	147,000
INTREY			· · ·			1	1	;				1
China	0 274 .	8 3/5 *	7.065 :	8.255 :	15.2	15.0	: 16.5	: 17.3	••			143,100
1701d	561 .	636 :	536 :	544 :	11,8	11.0	: 11.8	: 11.4	••	0: 7,000:	6,300:	6,200
TOWNS	2336 :	2.071	1,711 :	1,513 :	40.0	46.2	: 48.5	: 48.1	••			72,800
	1,933 :	1,958 :	2,000 :	2,072 :	18.8 :	22.6	: 23.6	: 21.2	••			44,000
Estimated total 5/	43.790 :	44,120 :	44,210 :	44,770 :	19,3 :	18.7	: 18.9	: 19.7		0: 825,000	: 835,000:	880,000
	••	••	••	••	••		00	••	••			
	3,111 :	2,895 :	2,200:	2,430:	10.9 :	13.5	: 6.8	:	••	000,68 :0	15,000:	1
+ C > C C C C C C C C C	141 :	154 :	126 :	156 :	43.2 :	46.4	: 48.4	: 48.1	**			7,500
	4.438 :	4.333 :	3,825 :	3.840 :	12,4 :	12.0	: 6.5	: 14.3	••			55,000
The state of the s	1,550 :	1,700 :	1,000 :	: 006	5.4 :	3.9	: 4.0	: 5.6	: 8,440:			5,000
th Africa Remiblic of	. 89	` !	.	:	16.9 :	!	1	-	••			1,900
Fetimated total 5/	11.270:	11,250:	9,300 :	9,470 :	11.1 :	11.6	: 8.1	: 12.7	: 125,000	0: 130,000	75,000:	120,000
South America:				••	••		••					
Ardentina	2,213 :	1,778:	1,840:		22.8 :	20.0	: 20.0	:	••			16,500
	157 :	158:	160:	160:	31.4 :	29.7	: 32,5	: 32.5	••			5,200
	120 :	138 :	136:	138 :	27.4 :	35.3	: 34.1	: 35.9	: 3,293:	3: 4,870:	4,640:	4,960
Follow	295 :	292 :	205 :		13.3	14.6	: 15.8	:	••			3,800
	439 :	499 :	490 :	499 :	19.5 :	17.9	: 20.4	: 18.8	••			9,400
	118	165 :	121	120:	12,3 :	13.6	: 11.6	: 20.3	••			2,440
TATION TO TOTAL TO	3.580 :	3,290 :	3,210:	3,300 :	21.2	19.8	\$ 20.2	: 15.2	••			50,000
	•		•	••	••				••		••	
edila.	2.183 :	2.830 :	2.385 :	2,090 :	20.8	25.0	: 18,1	: 17,8	: 45,400:			37,100
Now Zooland	. 8G	64 :	73 :	. 89	51.2 :	53.9	: 49.9	: 52.1	••	2: 3,450:	3,640:	3,540
	2.241 :	2.894 :	2.458 :	2,158:	21.6	25.7	: 19.1	: 18.8	••	2: 74,250		40,640
	•	••	••	••	••			••	ł			
Estimated world total 5/ 136,510 :	136,510:	141,660:	141,660 : 141,700 : 148,740	148,740:	23.8 :	25.1	: 24.4	: 26.0		0:3,555,000	:3,255,000:3,555,000:3,455,000:	3,865,000

1/ Years shown refer to years of harvest in the Northern Hemisphere. Harvests of Northern Hemisphere countries are combined with those of the Southern Hemisphere in 1962 is combined with preliminary forecasts for the Southern Hemisphere phere pharvests which begin late in 1962 and end early in 1963. 2/ Figures refer to harvested areas as far as possible. 3/ Yield per acre calculated from acrease and production data shown. 4/ Revised estimates for Northern Hemisphere countries, for Southern Hemisphere, preliminary forecasts. 5/ Estimated totals, which in the case of production, are rounded to millions, include allowances for any missing data for countries shown and for other production.

Foreign Agricultural Service. Prepared or estimated on the basis of official statistics of foreign governments, other foreign source material, reports of U.S. Agricultural Attaches and Foreign Service officers, results of office research, and related information.

OATS: Acreage, yield per acre, and production in specified countries, year of harvest, average 1955-59, annual 1960-62 $\underline{1}/$

				2001-261								
		Acreage	e 2/			Yield per	er acre 3/			Production	1100	
Continent and country	Average : 1955-59 ;	1960	1961	1962 4/ :	Average 1955-59	1960	1961	1962 4/	Average 1955-59	1960	1961	1962 4/
	1,000 : acres :	1,000 : acres :	1,000 :	1,000 :	Bushels	Bushels	Bushels	Bushels	1,000 : bushels :	1,000 : bushels :	1,000 : bushels :	1,000 bushels
North America: Canada 5/ Mexico	9,735 : 231 :	9,578 : 272 : 274 : 275	E,543 : 210 :	10,591 : 220	38.5 23.0	41.6	33.2 23.8 42.2	46.6 25.0 45.0	375,000: 5,306: 1,278,145:	398,000: 6,000: 1,155,312:	283,965: 5,000: 1,011,398:	493,610 5,500 1,031,743
Estimated total 6/	1 1	36,500:	32,750	33,750:	38.6	42.7	39.7	45.4	:1,660,000:	1,560,000:1	1 .11	1,531,000
	: 447	397	384 :	372	53.1	59.4	60.2	61.6	23,740:	23,600:	23,100:	22,900
Austria		347 :	337 :	306	86.2	663	6.06	95.1	: 31,470:	31,000:	30,620:	29,400
Denmark		490 :	483 :	404 :	89.1	95.7	97.6	104.0	51,210:	46,900:	47,120:	42,020
Finland		1,212:	1,169 :	1,127 :	43,3	63.0	55.5	37.7	: 48,160: . 224 270:		178,500:	179,100
	4,424 :	3,526 :	3,562	3,363 :	700.	81.5	73.8	5°08	156,630:		131,800:	160,700
Greenent, west		315 :	324 :	323 :	31.0	32.7	32.6	33.3	: 11,000:	10,300:	10,550:	10,740
Ireland		425 :	368 :	346 :	70.2	6.39	71.3	3.07 :	: 34,380:		26,250:	24,500
	1,039 :	1,010:	1,059:	1,015:	36.1	29.4	38.1	40.5	37,490:		40,300:	41,100
Luxembourg	49 :	40 :	:	:	59.0	75.0	;	:	2,890:			1 7
Netherlands	36E :	282 :	305 :	293 :	87.3	94.4	97.4	108.0	32,140:		29,710:	31,650
Norway		161 :	153 :	131 :	59.4	73.9	78.2	51.9	9,320:	11,900:	11,970:	008,0
Fortugal		747 :	743 :	741 :	6.6	5.7	0°.0	5 6 6 5 6	,450:	4,230:	4,420:	35,100
Spain		1,374:	1,442:	1,391	26.3	21.0	23.0	7.07	50,000:	53,700.	93 300:	74.360
Sweden	1,299	1,3/8;	1,405:	1,297	7.00	ν ο ο ο	000.1	200	3.850	3,320:	3,270	3,170
Switzerland	C	1,974	1,733	1.519	9.69	73.0	73.6	79.0	: 163,310:	144,060:	127,540:	120,000
Estimated total 6/	17	15,560:	15,340:	14,700:	53.6	57.2	56.1	3.95	: 935,000:	:000,063	860,000:	835,000
	••	•	••	••					••	••		
Bulgaria	394 :	447 :	425 :	425 :	28.8	30.6	30.6	29.4	: 11,340:	13,700:		12,500
Czechoslovakia	1,290:	1,245:	1,150:	1,150:	50.2	56.2	57.4	52.2	: 64,800:	70,000:	66,000:	60,000
Germany, East	1,152:	: 068	866 :	815 :	57.9	73.0	1.39	6.69	: 66,740:	000,000		000,1
Hungary	374:	350 :	273 :	208	37.6	40.0	35.2	38.5	14,080:	14,000:		366,000
Foland	4,139:	4,055 :	3,959 :	3,915 :	40.7	46.9	51.3	48.0	: 168,640:	190,000:		188,000
:		: 029	602	428 :	27.6	29.3	31.4	26.9	22,960:	19,600:	16,900:	21,300
Yugoslavia	: 083	825 :	877 :	1 750	27.4	31.2	34.0	21.04	275,000	400,000	1	360,000
Estimated total Eastern Europe 6/:	9,120:	E,530:	8,200:	1, 050	41.1	40.7	40.0	40.0	3,3,000	1000	- 11	
Estimated total all Europe 6/:	26,570	24,090:	23,540 :	22,450 :	49.3	53.5	53.5	53.2	1,310,000:1,290,000:1	1,290,000:1	,260,000:	1,195,000
	36 000	31 500 :	: 007 80	10 000	23.5	23.8	21.1	22.2	845.000:	750,000:	:000,009	440,000
o.s.s.a. (rurope and Asia) //	- 11	31,5000	. 001	12,000	2007							

	**	••	••	••	••		••	••		••	••	••		
			7 :	** !	24.0 :	20.0		28.6 :	1	••	456:	200:	200:	;
Timbox	866 :	926	1,018:	1,013 :	29.3	35,3	**	29.5	30.6		25,406:	34,500:	30,000:	31,000
(C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C						1			1	••	65,000:	:		:
The state of the s	216 :	195 :	200	207	56.4 :	56.8		57.3 :	59.8	 m	12,188:	11,080:	11,570:	12,380
Ferimated total 6/	4,610:	4,850 :	4,990:	4,900:	22.8 :	22.7		20.0	21.4		105,000:	110,000:	100,000:	105,000
		**	••	••	••			••		••	••	••	••	
Allica	257 :	165 :	135 :	:	18.8 :	20.6	:	11.1	1	**	4,840:	3,400:	1,500:	:
COCOLOM	: 69	50 :	65 :	: 09	22.8 :	21.0	. 1	15.4 :	29.8	** m	1,570:	1,050:	1,000:	1,790
Tuntain	55	-	1	!	12.0 :	1		!	1	**	:099	:	:	;
A Denish Africa Republication	400 :	-	:	:	15,1	1		!	1	••	6,040:	8,000:	E,000:	7,200
Fetinated total 6/	1	820 :	: 008	780 :	18.1 :	18,3		16.2 :	17.9	. 6	15,000:	15,000:	13,000:	14,000
Oction Among Co.		•		••	••			••			••	••	••	
Arcorting.	2.016 :	1.896 :	1.608:	;	32,1 :	30.6	••	30.4 :	1	••	64,620:	58,100:	48,900:	32,500
ALGCIICATION OF THE CONTRACT O		266 1	278 :	278 :	30.8	34.2		27.4 :	27.9	* 6	7,970:	9,100:	7,610:	7,750
ACIDIA)		198	213 :	197 :	14.8 :	22.0		20.8	21.7	:	2,798:	4,360:	4,440:	4,270
Estimated total 6/	2.540 :	2,450 :	2,180 :	2,060:	30.3 :	30.6	:	29.8	24.3		.000,77	75,000:	65,000:	50,000
000000			•	••	••			••				••	••	
Anethal	3.183 :	3.637 :	3.095 :	3.270 :	20.0	26.2	**	22.3 :	20.		63,630:	95,250:	68,910:	092,99
New Zer and State of the State		41 :	32 :	34 :	62.3	67.3		61.9	65.0		2,430:	2,760:	1,980:	2,210
Total Oceania	3,222 :	3,678 :	3,127 :	3,304 :	20.5	26.6		22.7	20.9		:090,99	98,010:	70,890:	68,990
		••	•	••	••			•			••	**	••	
Estimated world total 6/ 116,910 :	116,910:	103,890:	95,790:	87,040:	34.9 :	37.5	**	35.6 :	39.1	••	,060,000:3	,900,006;	4,080,000:3,900,000:3,410,000: 3,405,000	,405,000

1/ Years shown refer to years of harvest in the Northern Hemisphere. Harvests of Northern Hemisphere countries are combined with those of the Southern Hemisphere which immediately follow; thus, the crop harvested in the Northern Hemisphere in 1962 is combined with preliminary forecasts for the Southern Hemisphere harvests which begin late in 1962 and end early in 1963. 2/ Figures refer to harvested areas as far as possible. 3/ Yield per acre calculated from acreage and production data shown. 4/ Preliminary estimates for Northern Hemisphere countries; for Southern Hemisphere, preliminary forecasts. 5/ Production and yield reported in bushels of 34 pounds. 6/ Estimated totals, which in the case of production are rounded to millions, include allowances for any missing data for countries shown and for other producing countries not shown. 7/ Tentative unofficial estimates for production.

Foreign Agricultural Service. Prepared or estimated on the basis of official statistics of foreign governments, other foreign source material, reports of U.S. Agricultural Attaches and Foreign Service officers, results of office research, and related information.

Grain outturns were better than expected in Western Europe and the current estimate is 8 percent larger than the 1961 harvest. Barley production of 1,160 million bushels is the largest of record, contrasting with the 1955-59 average of 800 million. Four countries, France, West Germany, the United Kingdom, and Denmark account for 80 percent of the increase. Larger acreage and high yields in most countries contributed to the record outturn.

Acreage of oats in Western Europe was down 4 percent from last year and was 16 percent below the 5-year average. Yields were slightly larger than in 1961 and total production of 835 million bushels was only 25 million less than last year.

Eastern Europe's barley crop of 290 million bushels shows little change from the 1961 total. Oats production of 360 million bushels is 40 million below the 1961 total and also slightly below average.

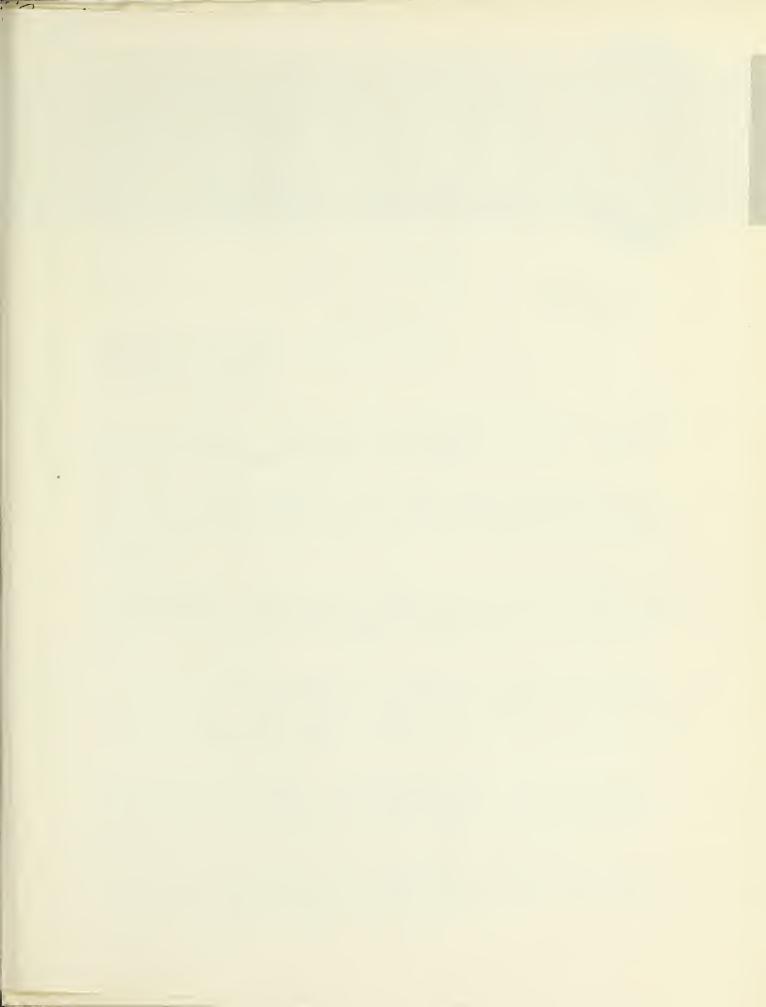
The Soviet Union reports a substantial increase in barley production but a sharp cut in oats, compared with 1961. Acreage shifts are the outstanding features, with a 7.4 million acre increase in barley acreage and oats acreage reduced 8.6 million acres. This brings oats acreage to little more than half the 1955-59 average.

Outturns of these crops in Asia were slightly larger than a year ago. Barley production of 880 million bushels was up 45 million because of a slight increase in acreage and higher yields. Total production of oats is estimated at 105 million bushels, only slightly above the poor 1961 outturn.

Barley production in <u>Africa</u> is estimated at 120 million bushels. This is approaching average after the poor outturn a year ago. Oats production of 14 million bushels is slightly below average.

Production of these grains in <u>South America</u> is smaller than a year ago mainly because of poor outturns in Argentina. Both barley and oats harvests were down sharply because of drought in that country. Argentine barley is estimated to be less than half the below-average 1961 harvest. Oats production is about two-thirds of the poor 1961 crop.

Australia's coarse grain production is moderately smaller than last year's. Most of the reduction is in barley, down from 43 million bushels last year to 37 million mainly because of smaller acreage. Production of oats is slightly smaller despite increased acreage.





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FOREIGN AGRICULTURE CIRCULAR

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
Foreign Agricultural Service Washington D.C.

U. S. DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE

JUL 3 0 1963

GRAIN FG 5-63 July 1963

NEAR RECORD 1962 WORLD

CURRENT SEMAL RECORDS

CORN HARVEST CONFIRMED

Latest information available to the Foreign Agricultural Service confirms earlier forecasts of a near-record world corn crop in 1962. See <u>World Agricultural Production and Trade</u>, March 1963.

The current world estimate of 7,460 million bushels is second only to the record outturn in 1960 and is 15 percent above the 1955-59 average. The increase over the 1961 total is 30 million bushels, with decreases in Western Europe and the Soviet Union more than offset by gains in other continents.

In North America production of 3,958 million bushels was 30 million above the 1961 harvest. The principal increase was in the United States, where a crop of 3,644 million bushels was 18 million above the 1961 outturn, despite a substantial cut in acreage. Yields of 64.1 bushels per acre were an all-time high.

Production in <u>Western Europe</u> is still estimated at 285 million bushels compared with the record harvest of 340 million bushels in each of the previous 2 years. Acreage was less than a year ago and yields were lower. Substantial reductions in the production of France and Italy account for most of the decline from 1961.

Eastern Europe's production is now placed at 595 million bushels, 20 million above the 1961 crop. Though above average, this is somewhat below the bumper 1960 crop of 675 million bushels. Larger crops than in 1961 in Yugoslavia and Hungary more than offset a smaller harvest in Rumania.

Production of dried corn in the <u>Soviet Union</u>, as estimated at 450 million bushels, is 10 percent below the record outturn in 1961. Both acreage and yields were below the high level of 1961.

CORN: Acreage, yield per acre, and production in specified countries, year of harvest average 1955-59, annual 1960-62 $\underline{1}/$

		Acreage	26 2/			Yield per	r acre 3/			Production	ction	
Continent and country	Average : 1955-59	1960	1	1962 4/	Average 1955-59	1960	1961	1962 4/	Average 1955-59	1960	; 1961 ;	1962 4/
	1,000 :	1,000 :	1,000 :	1,000 :	Bushels	Bushels	Bushels	Bushels	1,000 : bushels :	1,000 : bushels :	1,000 : bushels :	1,000 bushels
North America:		. 11			50.7	57.1	73.0	76.0	30,780	29,337	29,208:	32,025
•	14.292	13.750 :	15,790 :	15.810 :	13.3	15.5	13.9	13.6	190,630		220,000:	215,000
United States 5/		71,649 :	58,449 :	56,842 :	48.7	54.5	62.0	64.1	:3,234,891:	9,6	3,625,530:	3,643,615
		412 :	385	:	14.5	17.2	14.8	1	17 500:	,100	Ì	21,500
Guatemala	1,	1,610:	1,540:	:	11.3	12.4	13.3	: :	9,634	11,500:		200617
Honduras	369 :	324 :	359 :	: :	12.5	14.2	13.4	;	4,620			4,900
NICALAGIA		:	-	-	15.7				6,800	- 1		000 050
,	85,810:	90,590	79,280:	77,970 :	41.0 :	46.5 :	49.7	50.8	:3,515,000:4	4,214,000:3	3,938,000:	3,430,000
	••	••	••	••	••	••		,	•	* 0		1
Austria	125:	144 :	127 :	134:	47.0 :	58.3	61.5	56.7	5,8/4:	3390:	, 810:	000,02
France	1,455 :	2,036:	2,409 :	2,088:	41.8	54.4	40.4	33.5	10,766	110,700:	10,640	0,000
Greece	537 :	522 :	481 :	440 :	19.1	21.2	22.1	23.9	120,274	150,100	_	130,000
Italy		3,150 :	3,170 :	2,970:	42.6	47.7	28.0	5 6 0 0	139,202	18 400:		28,900
	<u>,</u>	1,157 :	1,223 :	1,211 :	10.01	37.8	38.0	32.2	32,179:	40,000		35,000
Spain	7 540	000	8.540 s	7.970 :	35.4	42.0 :	39.8	35.8	: 267,000:	340,000:	340,000:	285,000
Estimated total mesteria				-	•	••			••	••	••	
	357 :		:	:	19.0 :	;	:	1	: 6,780:		:	;
ALDGILL	1,	1,567	1,568 :	1,570:	22.6 :	29.7	28.7	31.8	: 40,340:		45,000:	20,000
	434 :	462 8	497 \$		40.7 :	48.7 :	41.6	1	: 17,670:		20,700:	- 1
	က်	3,462 :	3,310:	3,215 :	36.2	39.9	32.3	38.9	: 115,600:	138,000:	107,000:	125,000
•		8,825 :	8,470 :	8,040 :	20.5	24.7	25.4	23.6	180,000:	242,500:	179,000:	200,000
Yugoslavia	20 910	21.080 :	202.500	19,930	26.3	32.0	28.0	29.9	: 550,000:	675,000:	575,000:	595,000
פאסיים וויים באינים באי	27.10.2	3 02 1	000	3.000	7 90	34 8	31.5	31.5	817,000:1		915,000:	880,000
Estimated total all Europe <u>6</u> /	28,430	30/1/62	29,040	\$ 006617						W	••	
U.S.S.R. (Europe and Asia) 7/	11,925 :	12,500 :	17,700:	17,300 :	26.8	24.0 :	28.2	26.0	320,000:	300,000:	500,000:	450,000
Asias		••	••	••				18.6	30 600.	20 500:	28.000	25,500
Turkey	: 1,737 :	1,717 :	1,742 :	1,630 :	17.7	17.7	1.01	2 1	435,000:		*	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		10 777	. 070	11 200 :	12.0	14.7	14.5	14.7	: 128,100:	158,060:	160,000:	165,000
India	7,949	10,775 6,500	6.220	6.425	14.8	14.9	14.5	14.1	: 82,850:	97,000:	90,500:	90,500
Indonesia	121 .	200.	107 :	104 :	32,2	41.7	42.7	42.1	3,900:	4,500:	4,570:	4,380
Dald february		1,207 :	1,191	1,151	16.4 :	14.6 :	16.4	16.9	: 18,020:	17,600:	19,500:	19,400
	3,889 :	5,054 :	4,977 :	4,926 :	8.6	9.4	9.4	7.6	38,190	47,600:	22 500:	4,800 000,90
•		703 :	780 :	830 :	21.7	30.1	30.1	16.3	790.000	870.000:	845.000:	875,000
Estimated total 6/	46,650	52,970 :	33,400 :	33,720	10.7							

13,700	3,600 75,000 200,000	180,000 410,000 5,500 30,000 13,800 6,300 21,000 690,000 7,600 8,200 8,200
7,100: 53,540: 12,000:	3,540: 80,000: : 555,000:	173,710; 190,000; 210,000; 180,000 299,000; 354,000; 370,000; 410,000 3,762; 5,700; 6,250; 5,500 5,900; 6,300; 5,700; 5,900 11,530; 13,340; 13,400; 13,800 6,920; 8,600; 6,100; 6,300 5,500; 17,300; 14,000; 21,000 5,500; 6,500; 6,70,000; 6,300 5,700; 6,200; 7,450; 7,600 5,700; 6,200; 7,450; 7,600 6,100; 6,800; 8,200 6,100; 6,800; 8,000; 8,200 6,465,000;7,595,000;7,430,000; 7,460,000
15,750: 66,600: 14,800:	3,100: 55,000: : 190,000: 545,000:	190,000: 354,000: 5,700: 6,300: 13,340: 8,600: 17,300: 6,200: 6,200: 6,200: 6,200: 6,200:
11,622; 63,916; 12,220; 19,686;	2,643; 52,000; 16,316; 141,946; 460,000;	173,710; 299,000: 4,762; 30,170; 5,900: 11,530: 6,920: 13,380: 5,700: 5,700: 6,100: 6,100: 7,465,000:7
12.3	19.9	22.4 : 30.6 : 17
7.1 : 28.7 :	14.3 :	30.7 : 20.9 : 16.5 : 17.4 : 17
15.7 : 35.2 :	13.1 13.1 18.5 18.5	28.0 : 21.2 : 11.2 : 12.2 : 21.3 : 12.6 : 21.3 : 21
10.1 : 33.3 : 8.4 : 16.7 :	13.0 17.6 9.6 16.9	29.7 : 19.7 : 19.7 : 19.1 : 19
i,112 : 1,880 : 	30.160	
1,000 : 1,868 :	247 :	6,781
1,005 : 1,890 : :	237 : : 9,400 : 29,430 :	
1,147 : 1,921 : 1,453 : 1,182 :	2,960 : 1,705 : 9,540 : 2,8750 : 2,540	5,855 : 15,152 : 1,585 : 1,585 : 1,585 : 777 : 777 : 772 : 26,020 : 6 : 6 : 6 : 6 : 6 : 6 : 6 : 6 : 6 :
Africa Morocco U.A.R., Egypt Angola Congo (Leopoldville)	Kenya 8/	South America: Argentina Argentina Brazil Chile Colombia Ecuador Druguay Wenezuela Estimated total 6/ New Zealand Estimated total 6/ Estimated world 6/ Estimated world total 6/ Estimated world wo

Hemisphere which follow; thus the crop harvested in the Northern Hemisphere in 1962 is combined with preliminary forecasts for the Southern Hemisphere harvest which began early in 1963. 2/Figures refer to harvested area as far as possible. 3/Yield per acre calculated from acreage and production data shown.

4/Revised estimates for Northern Hemisphere countries; for the Southern Hemisphere, revised preliminary forecasts. 5/New series covering corn for grain only. 6/Estimated totals, which in the case of production are rounded to millions, include allowance for any missing data for countries shown and for other producting countries not shown. 7/Dried corn only. 8/Production on European holdings only. Allowances for native cultivation, not shown, are included in 1/ Years shown refer to years of harvest in the Northern Hemisphere. Harvests of Northern Hemisphere countries are combined with those of the Southern estimated total for Africa.

Foreign Agricultural Service. Prepared or estimated on the basis of official statistics of foreign governments, other foreign source material, reports of U.S. Agricultural Attaches and Foreign Service Officers, results of office research and related information.

Asia's corn production of 875 million bushels was a near record and 11 percent above the 1955-59 average. Acreage was well above average but yields were slightly below.

Production in Africa, as estimated at a record 600 million bushels, is 30 percent above the 1955-59 average. Increases are general throughout the area but the largest single gain is in the Republic of South Africa. Harvesting is being completed in that Southern Hemisphere country and the outturn is forecast at 200 million bushels despite dry weather during the growing season.

South America's total production is now estimated at 690 million bushels. This bumper crop is 20 million bushels above the estimate for 1961 and 130 million above the average. A record crop forecast for Brazil accounts for most of the increase. That country's forecast of 410 million bushels is 37 percent above the 1955-59 average and 11 percent above the large crop harvested last year. Increased acreage and larger yields combined to bring production to its peak.

Argentina's outturn is now placed at 180 million bushels, 30 million less than a year earlier. Yields are reported somewhat below average because of hot, dry weather during the crucial months of December and January. However, the late crop has had a better season and may partly offset low yields of earlier corn.

- 4 -

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OCT 3 O 1963

CURRENT SERIAL RECORDS

GRAIN FG 6-63 October 1963

NEAR RECORD 1963 WORLD

BREAD GRAIN CROP FORECAST

Another near-record world breadgrain production is expected in 1963, according to preliminary information available to the Foreign Agricultrual Service.

Production of wheat and rye, together, is forecast at 284 million short tons. This has been exceeded only in 1958 with a total of 303 million and in 1962 with a total of 297 million tons. World wheat production, as forecast at 8,325 million bushels is the third largest crop on record. Rye production continued its downward trend and is forecast at 1,225 million bushels, 15 percent below the 1955-59 average.

Present forecasts are tentative and subject to change as revised estimates become available for Northern Hemisphere countries and as crops develop in the Southern Hemisphere, where harvesting normally begins in November. Thus, growing conditions up to early December will play a large part in determining the final outturns in Argentina and Australia, the leading producers in the Southern Hemisphere.

Early estimates may be subject to more change than usual this year, especially in Western Europe where heavy rains beginning early in August have interfered with harvesting, and much sprouting in the fields has been reported. High moisture content of harvested grain is also reported.

It is still too early to get an adequate picture of how much actual loss of crop is involved but it is expected to be substantial and it seems definite that there will be large quantities of grain below milling standards. Therefore, larger wheat imports will be required in 1963-64. Import commitments for about 240 million bushels of Canadian wheat and flour and at least 58 million of Australian wheat to be shipped to the Soviet Union this season will also boost world wheat trade significantly.

WHEAT: Acreage, yield per acre, and production in specified countries, year of harvest, around 1961-63 $\underline{1}/$

			/6 55			V4014 =01	76 0000 07			Description	4.4.00	
		POTON				מ אדפיד	9719			11000	TOTO	
Continent and country	Average 1955-59	1961	1962	1963 4/	Average 1955-59	1961	1962	1963 4/	Average 1955-59:	1961 :	1962	77 6961
	1,000	1,000 :	1,000 :	1,000 :	Bushels	Bushels	Bushels	Bushels	1,000 bushels	1,000 :	1,000 :	1,000 bushels
North America:												
Canada		25,316:	26,817	27,566:	8.6	11.2	22.1	25.2	: 465,618:	283,394:	565,554:	694,331
Mexico	2,214	2,016:	1,818:	2,051	22.2	2.5°	29.0		1,095,3578. 1,44,615			57,690
Estimated total 5/	74,160	78,970:	72,300:	74,200:	21.7	19.9	1 23.7	: 25.4	1,606,000:1,	1,571,000:1	571,000:1,712,000:1,887,000	,887,000
Europe:	63/	: 689	: 899	. 004	3.0 K	38 3	28.8	30 /	* COB OC	36 150.	35 050.	23 630
Belgium	767	510		767	53.6	000	27.0	56.4	26,602	26,130	20,430	0, k
		. 92	381	325	28.8	61,3	62.1	59.5	10.521	15,950:	23,660:	19,100
Finland	314:	586 :	. 902	:	23.9	28.9	21.9	: 1	7,514:	16,930:	15,490:	: 1
France	10,432:	9,876	11,294:	9,262:	34.3	35.6	: 45.7	: 36.7	: 358,210:	351,800:	516,380:	340,000
Germany, West	3,045	3,435 :	3,245 :	3,380	45.5	43.1	51.8	52.7	: 138,676:	148,000:	168,000:	178,000
Tredice	2,704	2,637 :	2,697 :	2,312 :	77.7	22.2	24.1	22.9	57,762:	58,560:	65,0178	52,850
Tell	12,175	10.738	11.257	. [[0][[27.2	2 %	20.00	26.7	12, 2/7:	305,70	10,130;	203 950
Netherlands	250 :	304:	328:	312 :	57.2	58.2	67.6	: 1	14.294:	17,700:	22,160:	
Norway	35 :	77.	77,	25 :	32.4 :	41.7	31.2	36.0	1,134:	1,000	750:	006
Portugal	2,009 :	1,631	1,631:	1,483:	12.1	6.7	12.5	12.1	: 24,286:	15,800:	20,360:	18,000
:	10,728	9,610	10,507	10,030:	15.4	13.1	16.8	16.8	: 165,400:	126,100:	176,700:	169,000
Sun tagar and	0,71	6/6	9//	619	23.7	ر د. د. د	44.3	41.2	28,030:	29,840:	32,030:	25,500
United Kingdom	2,	1,827 :	2,256:	1,926:	18.5	52.6	88	52.3	101,720:	%,300; %,100;	135,560:	100,000
Estimated total Western Europe 5/:	. 76,560	43,470:	46,930:	42,990:	28.2	29.1	34.4	30.4	:1,313,000:	1,265,000:	1,615,000:	,305,000
			••	••					••		1	
Czechoslovakia	7,466	3,212:	3,015:	··· ·	19.6	19.5	19.9		68,100:			1
Germany, East		932 :	1,076	· ·		0.10	20.4		74,500			
Hungary		2,505 :	2,706	٠	22.0	7.82	56.6	 	68.500:			
Poland		3,462:	3,442:	1	23.4	29.6	28.7		83,900:			!
Rumania	7,302:	7,337:	7,518	1	16.2	19.8	19.8	1	118,600:	145,000:	148,940:	1
Mathematical total Restant	ľ	4,047	20,00	. 00 5	21.5	24.1	23.6	1	102,000:	- 1	- 1	-
2 adolar mascal resonance	Ш	44,130	24,120:	: U8T (CZ	21.4	24.9	24.7	25.6	542,000:	- 11	- 11	645,000
Estimated total all Europe 5/:	71,870	67,600	71,650:	68,170:	25.8	27.6	31.1	28.6	: 1,855,000:1,865,000:2,225,000:1	;	3,225,000;	,950,000
U.S.S.B. (Europe and Asia) 6/	159 000	: 000 331	: 3/3 79/	••		6				••		
7	2006/7	•	100,747		14.0	14.3	12.0	-	1,910,000:	910,000:1,900,000:2,000,000	2,000,000;	

102,880	1,650 22,000 285,000	459,290 33,180 	63,000	215,000		285,000
99, 200: 39,885: 	1,840: 42,880: 250,000:	433,830: 59,890: 6,000: 151,720:	58,970: 45,800: 14,500: 25,360:	210,000:	5,950: 5,770: 16,610: 280,000:	307, 200: 9, 240: 316, 440:
103,000:	16,500:	403,900: 65,440: 6,200: 141,340: 865,000:1	24,200: 52,800: 23,300: 9,000:	160,000: 190,000: 7,500: 39,370:	5,220: 5,640: 13,650: 265,000:	246,000: 7,835: 253,835:
95,950: 27,118: 2,418:	25,942: 228,000:	329,926: 50,482: 4,469: 133,192:	46,364; 53,778; 35,723; 17,798; 27,554;	195,000: 225,676: 24,460: 40,597:	5,288: 5,166: 18,950: 323,000:	168,320: 4,814: 173,134:
	12.0	13.7 : 23.1 : 12.3 : 14.1 :1	38.6 12.5 	12,1	: : 18.0 :	: 17.1 :
10.1	12.6	13.1 37.8 18.2 12.1	38.9 12.5 : 6.9 :	12.7 :	14.6 : 14.8 : 16.8 : 18.0 :	19.0 : 44.0 : 19.3 :
9.4	9.0 : 5.1 : -	12.6 : 20.0 : 12.2 : 13.4 : 13.4 :	5.2 : 36.8 : 6.1 : 10.5 : :	18.3 : 18.8	13.2 : 14.9 : 12.7 : 16.5 :	16.7 : 42.1 : 17.0 :
10.7	10.4 13.4 13.4	10.9 : 32.5 : 14.1 : 11.6 : 13.3 : 13.3	10.0 34.4 9.2 6.1	11.1 19.5 10.3	12.8 : 14.2 : 11.8 : 17.3 :	17.5 : 46.7 : 17.8 :
	138 :	33,500: 1,436: 12,140: 144,080:	1,634:	17,790 :	371: 1,075: 16,650:	16,500 :
3,931	3,314:	33,240 : 1,585 : 330 : 12,571 : 144,970 :	4,522 1,515 3,677 2,100 2,921	16,570 :	408: 390: 990: 15,590:	16,171 : 210 : 16,381 :
3,200:	3,249:15,500:	32,047: 1,603: 310: 11,603:	4,622 : 1,436 : 3,845 : 2,000 : 3,100 : .	16,850 : 10,374 : 2,097	395 : 379 : 1,077 : 16,040 :	14,723 : 186 : 14,909 :
2,540:	2,540: 16,990:	30,393 : 1,551 : 317 : 11,496 : 141,960 :	4,658 1,561 3,888 2,908	17,610 : 11,598 : 2,386 : 2,030 :		9,629: 103: 9,732:
Asia: Iran Iraq Isael	Lebanon Syria Syria Turkey	India	Africa: Algaria Reypt Morocco Tuni sia	Estimated total 5/ South America: Argentina Brazil Ohile	Colombia Paru Uruguay Estimated total 5/	Oceania: Australia New Zealand Total Oceania

1/ Years shown refer to years of hervest in the Northern Hemisphere. Harvests of Northern Hemisphere countries are combined with those of the Southern Hemisphere which immediately follow; thus, the crop harvested in the Northern Hamisphere in 1963 is combined with preliminary forecasts for the Southern Hemisphere harvests which will begin late in 1963 and end early in 1964. 2/ Figures refer to harvested areas as far as possible. 3/ Yield per acre calculated from acreage and production data shown. 4/ Preliminary estimates for Northern Hemisphere countries; for Southern Hamisphere, preliminary forecasts based largely on acreage and weather conditions to date. 5/ Estimated totals, which in the case of production are rounded to millions, include allowances for any missing data for countries shown and for other producting countries not shown. 6/ Tentative unofficial estimates for production on European holdings only.

Foreign Agricultural Service. Prepared or estimated on the basis of official statistics of foreign governments, other foreign source material, reports of U.S. Agricultural Attaches and Foreign Service Officers, results of office research, and ralated information.

RYE: Acreage, yield per acre, and production in specified countries, year of harvest, average 1955-59, annual 1961-63 $\underline{1}/$

		Acreage 2	je 2/	••		Yield per acre	acre 3/		1	Production	ction	
Continent and country	Average : 1955-59 :	1961	1962	1963 4/	Average : 1955-59 :	1961	1962	1963 4/	Average : 1955-59 :	1961	1962 :	1963 4/
	: 1,000 :	1,000 :	1,000 :	1,000 :	Bushels:	Bushels	Bushels	Bushels	; 1,000 ; bushels ;	1,000 : bushels :	1,000 : bushels :	1,000 bushels
North America:										••	••	
Canada		561:	625 :	652 :	16.2	11.6	19.3	20.1	9,362	6,519:	12,044:	13,131
United States		1,550:	2,014:	1,576:	15.6	17.7	20.4	18.9	27,030:	27,476:	41,175;	29,828
Total	2,306:	2,111;	2,639 :	2,228:	15.8	16.1	20.2	19.3	36,392:	33,995:	53,219:	42,959
Europe:	••	••	••	••	••	•				••	••	
Austria		523 :	516:	455 :	31.0	35.5	35.7	34.8	16,254:	18,590:	18,420:	15,820
Belgium		108	: 26	112:	45.5	43.5	49.2	49.1	7,732:	4,700:		000,00
Denmark		451 :	430 :	272 :	40.5	44.9	47.0	44.9	10,946:	20,240:	20,200:	12,200
Finland		232 :	202		22.9	21.6	19.8	 	4,409:	3,000:		
France	: 888	645 :	526	560 :	20.3	21.2	26.6	24.2	18,055	13,660:	114,000:	13,280
Germany, West	3,634 :	2,922 :	2,696 :	2,822 :	40.5	33.8	43.3	40.4	147,130:	98,900:		126,000
Greece	: 115 :	63	63.	51.	14.9	10.2	12.1	10.3	1,/19:	3 775 .	930:	240
•		14/	138	148 :	23.5		70.0	5.05	17 540:	11 050.	13 350.	01/65
Netherlands		2,067	202		33 0	40.0	30.0	37.5	17,340	11,630	15,330:	150
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	. 784	. 738	736	640 .	11.3	0.4	9		7.185:			7.400
Contract	-	1 108	1 201	1.100	14.1		14.8	15.4	20,050:			16,930
	25.6	185 :	186 :	103 :	32.2	39.4	37.0	34.0	8,320:	7,290:		3,500
Switzerland		30 :	36 :	37 :	44.6 :	50.0	59.2	40.5	1,382:		2,130:	1,500
United Kingdom		19:	17:	23 :	37.1 :	37.9	40.0	29.6	816:		680:	680
Estimated total Western Europe 5/	: 8,760:	7,570 :	7,120:	6,810:	30.5	27.1	32.3	33.0	: 267,000:	205,000:	230,000:	225,000
Bulgaria	320 :	210:	205 :	:	13.9 :	12.4	11.2	1	4,440:	2,600:		1
Czechoslovakia	1,	1,144 :	1,088 :	:	29.8	33.0	33.2	-	38,140:	37,750:	(.,	:
Germany, East		2,038:	2,005:	:	30.4 :	29.1	32.4	1	81,152:	59,200:		:
Hungary	••	662:	573 :	!	18.1	17.7	16.0	1	: 18,410:	11,700:		:
Poland	: 12,	12,058:	11,614:	-	22.5 :	27.2	22.8	:	285,280:	'n	264,600:	:
Rumania	395 :	222 :	191 :	:	15.1	18.5	15.5	1	5,960:	4,100:	2,970:	:
Yugoslavia	: 628 :	445 :	437 :		15.7	16.9	15.2		9,864:	1	6,650:	
Estimated total Eastern Europe 5/	: 19,020:	16,810:	16,150:	15,120:	23.3	26.8	23.8	24.1	443,000	450,000:	382,000:	365,000
Ectimated total all Engage 5/	: 27 780 :	34 380 •	33 270 •	21 030	. v.	0, 40	D, AC	%	10.000	655,000;	615,000:	590,000
	11	200642	201210	224 230	2000	,,,,,				222122		
U.S.S.R. (Europe and Asia) 6/	: 44,735 :	41,300 :	41,800:		14.2 :	14.5	12.9	+	635,000:	600,000	540,000:	
Asia:	n			••							: 00, 10	
South America:	1,611 :	1,500 :	1,525 :	:	15.0	10.0	16.1	:	24,086	24,000:	24,600:	!
Argentina	2,660 :	1,775 :	:	:	12.0 :	11.8	1	1	31,816:	20,900:	6,500:	-
Estimated world total 5/		71,440 :	70,430 :	69,750 :	18.1	18.8	17.7	17.6	:1,440,000:1,340,000:1,245,000: 1,225,000	1,340,000:	1,245,000:	1,225,000
		:				:				:		

Hemisphere which immediately follow; thus, the crop harvested in the Northern Hemisphere in 1963 is combined with preliminary forecasts for the Southern Hemisphere harvests, which will begin late in 1963 and end early in 1964. 2/Figures refer to harvested areas as far as possible. 3/Yield per acre calculated from acreage and production data shown. 4/Preliminary estimates for Northern Hemisphere countries, for Southern Hemisphere, preliminary forecasts based largely on acreage and weather conditions to date. 5/Estimated totals, which in the case of production are rounded to millions, include allowances for any missing data for countries shown and for other producing countries not shown. 6/Tentative unofficial estimates for production. 1/ Years shown refer to years of harvest in the Northern Hemisphere. Harvests of Northern Hemisphere countries are combined with those of the Southern

Lack of dry new crop wheat has made it necessary for a number of countries to import wheat for current milling needs this early in the season. France, normally not a significant importer of bread type wheat, has been one of the principal West European importers of this type early this season.

The outlook for world trade in coarse grains cannot be fully evaluated until the extent of actual wheat loss and damage is known. Low grade wheat is expected to be fed where possible, but present reports indicate that considerably amounts may not even be suitable for feed.

Near-record wheat supplies are available in North America, with a record supply in Canada, and the U.S. total exceeded only by the large supplies of the past 5 marketing years. Canada's supply of 1,185 million bushels would leave about 800 million bushels available for export, after allowance for domestic needs and carryover.

The U.S. supply of 2,328 million bushels is 4 percent below the July 1962 total and 12 percent below supplies at the beginning of the 1961-62 marketing season, when carryover stocks were at an alltime high. Domestic use for the current season in this country is estimated at 613 million bushels.

Total wheat production in North America is estimated at 1,887 million bushels, 175 million above the 1962 total and 281 million above the 1955-59 average. All countries of the area had good outturns. Canada's crop of 694 million is second only to the 702 million bushel harvest in 1952. The U.S. crop of 1,134 million bushels is 4 percent above the 1962 harvest but 7 percent below the average of the preceding 5 years. Acreage was much below average but yields were near-record. Mexico's production of 58 million bushels is an alltime high.

Rye production in North America is estimated at 43 million bushels, 10 million less than a year ago mainly because of a smaller U.S. crop.

Wheat production in <u>Western Europe</u> is tentatively forecast to be some 300 million bushels below the record crop in 1962. Both acreage and yields are smaller. The reduced acreage is mainly because of heavy winter damage and subsequent shift of wheat acreage to other grains. France was the country most affected, and acreage harvested there was down 2 million acres. After a late start in the spring, the outlook for Europe's crop was good until prolonged rains interrupted harvesting. This caused very high moisture content and sprouting of grain still in the fields. It is too early to have accurate estimates of actual losses but definite lowering of quality is indicated.

Rye production in Western Europe is estimated only slighlty below the 1962 crop. Acreage was up in West Germany, the largest producer, and yields were slightly higher. The increase in that country, however, is offset by declines in many other countries.

Eastern Europe's wheat production is estimated at 645 million bushels, about 5 percent above the 1962 total. Both acreage and yields were larger.

This is an important rye producing area. Total production is now estimated at 363 million bushels, a 6 percent decline from the 1962 harvest. Acreage is reduced by a million acres, which accounts for the smaller crop.

Growing conditions over much of the <u>Soviet Union</u> were unfavorable and a substantial drop in the wheat production is estimated. The fourth succesive year of drought in the New Lands area cut production of spring wheat, and yields of winter wheat were down in the important Ukraine region. A substantial reduction in the total outturn is estimated, though official estimates are not available.

Confirmation of the reduced output came with the announced purchase of about 240 million bushels of wheat including flour from Canada during the first half of September. This will mean a sharp increase in world trade during the current season.

Little change from the 1962 Soviet rye production is estimated at this time.

Wheat production is estimated at an alltime high in Asia. Crop outturns were up to or better than the large 1962 harvest in all areas, except Japan. Unfavorable growing conditions there reduced the crop from an expected 56 million bushels to 33 million. This, of course, increases import requirements; current estimates are that imports will total about 110 million bushels, an increase of 20 percent over the 1962-63 season.

Rye production in Asia is estimated at 28 million bushels, little change from a year ago. Turkey accounts for about 95 percent of Asia's total.

Africa's wheat production is slightly above the near-record crop in 1962. Acreage was larger but slightly below 1962 yields. Most of the increase in production is in Egypt.

South America's harvest will begin in November and the present outlook is for a moderately larger wheat crop than a year ago. The increase is mainly attributed to increased acreage in Argentina. Growing conditions from now to harvest time will determine rye final outturn. A larger Argentine rye crop is expected this year; the 1962 harvest was abnormally small.

Early season forecasts of a record wheat crop in <u>Australia</u> are not materializing. The present outlook is for a good harvest but well below the 307 million bushels harvested last year. If present prospects are maintained there would still be a good surplus available for export from

this country. In addition to usual markets, a recent contract with the Soviet Union calls for delivery of 58 million bushels of wheat, with an option on a further 5 or 6 million bushels. WASHINGTON, D. C. 20250

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GRAIN FG 7-63 October 1963

JULY 1 GRAIN

STOCKS SMALLER

Total July 1, 1963 grain stocks in the four principal exporting countries were 9 percent below the 1962 stocks, according to preliminary estimates of the Foreign Agricultural Service. This is the second successive reduction after the upward spiral beginning in 1953. The reduction stems from smaller stocks of corn and a lesser reduction in wheat stocks.

An estimated total of 136 million short tons of wheat, rye, barley, oats, and corn for the current season is 13 million below the total on July 1, 1962. Substantial reductions in corn and wheat stocks were partly offset by larger holdings of barley and oats. The largest reduction was in the United States though supplies were also down in Argentina and were slightly smaller in Canada. Australia shows the only increase, reflecting the record harvest in November/December 1962.

In addition to the 5 grains under consideration here, July 1 stocks of grain sorghum add another 19 million tons in the United States. This is a 10 percent decline from the high level of July 1962. Sorghum is of minor importance in Canada and Australia but growth is expanding in Argentina. Production is still, however, relatively small.

Although this is the second successive year of reduced stocks, supplies are still much above average, with large surpluses for export. Import requirements are expected to be large this season especially for wheat in the Soviet Union, Western Europe, Japan, and Mainland China.

The U.S. wheat supply at the beginning of the 1963-64 marketing season is estimated at 12,328 million bushels, 4 percent below the 1962-63 supply. Canada's supply is placed at 1,185 million bushels, an alltime record. This provides about 800 million bushels above needs for domestic use and for carryover. Australia's mid-year wheat stocks are estimated at 150 million bushels. This is well above average despite a continued heavy export movement.

GRAINS: Estimated stocks in principal exporting countries, July 1, 1945-1963

_	Wheat	Rye	Barley	0ats <u>1</u> /	Corn	Total
	: Million :	Million	Million		Million	
United States:	<u>bushels</u>	bushels	<u>bushels</u>	<u>bushels</u>	bushels	short tons
Average 1945-49	193	6	72	254	742	32,526
Average 1950-54		8	74	-249	1,256	56,872
1955		16	131	303	1,601	84,348
1956		17	117	346	1,740	88,530
1957	909	7	127	240	1,965	89,374
1958		10	168	324	2,091	94,474
1959	: 1,295	13	196	366	2,188	111,038
1960		10	167	267	2,522	118,596
1961		14	153	325	2,816	130,442
1962		8	124	277	2,473	116,536
1963 <u>2</u> /	: 1,189	7	146	277	2,118	103,106
Canada:	•					
Average 1945-49		4	41	100	3/	7,446
Average 1950-54		14	100	135	3/	15,437
1955	570 620	22 20	110	110	2/	22,226
1956		20 1 8	130 160	150 245	3/ 3/ 3/ 3/ 3/ 3/ 3/	24,830 21,409
1958		14	140	185	2/	19,947
1959		11	145	155	3/	20,673
1960	545	10	140	130	3/	22,200
1961		9	130	145	3/	15,437
1962	-	6	70	110	3/	21,418
1963 2/		5	103	180	3/	21,272
Argentina:	:					-
Average 1945-49	134	11	26	40	187	10,828
Average 1950-54	: 107	16	21	39	91	7,334
1955	: 165	10	25	25	85	8,610
1956	: 130	25	30	35	125	9,380
1957	: 160	25	30	50	95	9,680
1958		16	25	35	190	12,178
1959	: 160	20	25	30	200	12,040
1960	: 140	20	22	23	140	9,576
1961		10	20	40	140	8,320
1962	70	10	15	20	145	7,120
1963 2/	85	5	5	15	115	6,270
Australia: Average 1945-49	75	2/	6	13	2/	2,602
Average 1949-49		3/ 3/	9	20	3/	3,836
1955		3/	6	32	3/	5,456
1956		3/	14	50	3/	6,626
1957	: 115	3/	20	32	3/	4,442
1958	: 70	त्री त्री त्री त्री	14	12	3/ 3/ 3/ 3/ 3/ 3/ 3/ 3/	2,628
1959	: 135	3/	30	75	3/	5,970
1960	: 145	3/	12	45	3/	5,358
1961	: 150	3/	25	40	3/	5,740
1962	95	3/	15	35	3/	3,770
1963 <u>2</u> /	: 150	3/ 3/	15	25	3/ 3/	5,260
Total:	:				_	
Average 1945-49		21	145	407	929	53,402
Average 1950-54		38	204	443	1,347	83,479
1955		48	272	470	1,686	120,640
1956		62 50	291	581	1,865	129,366
1957		50	337	567	2,060	124,905
1958		40	347 304	5 5 6	2,281	129,227
1959		44	396 371	626	2,388 2,662	149,721
1960		40 33	341	465 550	2,956	155,730
1962		33 24	328 224	550 442	2,618	159,939 148,844
1963 2/		17	269	497	2,233	135,908
-/~/ <u>~</u> /	9 744	Δ,	~07	471	~,~))	200,000

^{1/} Canadian oats in bushels of 34 pounds; data for other countries in bushels of 32 pounds.
2/ Preliminary estimates. 3/ Production small and remaining stocks believed negligible.

Foreign Agricultural Service. Prepared or estimated on the basis of official statistics of foreign governments, other foreign source material, reports of U.S. Agricultural Attaches and Foreign Service officers, results of office research, and related information.

Argentina is the only one of the four countries showing reduced wheat stocks. Though slightly above the total a year earlier, stocks were well below average on July 1.

Wheat import requirements are showing up unexpectedly large. The Soviet Union's poor crop is reflected in early-season commitments to buy large quantities in both Canada and Australia. The Canadian agreement for purchase of 240 million bushels during Canada's marketing year ending July 31, 1964, will boost that country's total exports to a new high. Another contract, between the Soviet Union and Australia is for wheat and flour totaling at least 58 million bushels, wheat equivalent, with an option to buy an additional 6 million. Thus, Australia's exports will also probably be a record in view of continued commitments to Mainland China.

Bad harvest weather in Western Europe with consequent losses and reduced quality is expected to enlarge that area's requirements substantially during the current season. It is too early to get a full evaluation of what this will mean in terms of increased import requirements, but the increase may be substantial inasmuch as quantities are expected to be below milling standards. Current reports indicate substantial deterioration of grain to the point that it is not even suitable for feed. If this is confirmed, it will mean a sizable increase in the feed grain market as well.

Other wheat exporting countries will have smaller supplies than a year ago and some will even be on a net import basis. France has been importing bread wheat in addition to usual requirements for imported durum. Syria's crop is reduced by almost half and exports will be small. Spain's crop is about 5 percent smaller and the country is expected to be on a net import basis again this year. Production in Italy is down more than 5 percent requiring net imports. Damage to Sweden's grain crop appears to have been heavy and import requirements will be larger than expected.

A regional breakdown of July 1 stocks shows the <u>U.S.</u> total grain stocks of 103 million short tons accounting for 76 percent of the total in the four countries. This is the smallest volume since 1958 and is 13 million tons less than on July 1, 1962. Most of the decline was in corn, with a drop of 10 million tons. Wheat stocks are down about 4 million tons but barley shows a small increase.

Grain stocks in <u>Canada</u> on July 1 are estimated at 21 million tons. Production of wheat and barley is well above the 1962 harvest and will bring supplies for the current season high. Production of oats for grain is smaller than a year ago but total supplies are up because of larger carryover stocks.

Grain stocks in the 2 Southern Hemisphere exporting countries on July 1 are in a different category from those in North America. In Southern Hemisphere countries these are mid-season supplies which must cover all needs to the end of the current crop season and for carryover. Thus, stocks of small grains in Argentina and Australia are for consumption or export up to December 1 and corn to April 1 of the following year, the beginning of the new season. In contrast, July 1 stocks in North America approximate

the year end carryover of small grains. Stocks represent actual carryover into the new season in the United States, while in Canada the marketing season starts August 1. For corn, the U.S. marketing season begins October 1.

July 1 stocks in <u>Argentina</u> are the smallest of recent years, as estimated at 63 million short tons. Both wheat and corn stocks are well below average.

<u>Australia's</u> grain stocks, mainly wheat, total 5.3 million tons compared with 3.8 a year earlier. The heavy export movement is expected to reduce wheat stocks to a minimum by the end of the marketing season, November 30.

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CURRENT SEMAL RECORDS

FG 8-63 November 1963



ALMOST DOUBLE RECORD OF 1961-62 1/

U.S. exports of prepared and mixed feeds from July 1962 through June 1963 totaled 907,000 short tons, surpassing the previous year's record of 492,000 short tons by almost 84 percent. This is especially noteworthy when compared with the 1959-54 average, which was only 99,000 tons.

This increase reflects such factors as a change in the mixing of formula feeds, expanding livestock numbers in many foreign countries and upward trends in consumer purchasing power and in per capita consumption of meat, eggs, and dairy products. Of the 1962-63 total, European countries took 55 percent and Asian 26 percent, while the Western Hemisphere market's share decreased to 19 percent. Exports to Africa and Oceania increased slightly but their share of the total exports is less than 1 percent.

Exports of fodders and feeds (including concentrates and by-products of the milling industry) constituted 65 percent of the total in 1962-63, and have increased more than any other class of feeds. Exports of products almost entirely of cereal origin (poultry feeds, wheat feeds, and dairy feeds) have increased substantially, but their percentage of total U.S. exported prepared and mixed feeds dropped to 35 percent.

Exports of prepared and mixed corn feeds (bran, gluten feed and meal, grits and cornmeal, cracked corn, hominy feed, and corn feed with added vitamins) are the largest among feeds made largely from grain. Exports increased from 56,000 tons in 1961-62 to 134,000 tons in 1962-63. Factors influencing this increase in exports of corn feeds are decreased production of these crops in many European countries and a change in mixing of formula feeds. European countries were again the leading markets in the fiscal year ending June 30, 1963, with principal markets Iceland, Netherlands and West Germany.

^{1/} Prepared by Lawrence E. Hall, Agricultural Economist

Table 1.--FEEDS, PREPARED AND MIXED: U.S. exports by classification, average 1950-54, annual 1959-60 through 1962-63

Commodity :	Average 1950-54	: : 1959-60 :	: : 1960-61 :	: 1961-62 :	1962-63
***************************************	Short tons	Short tons	Short	Short tons	Short tons
Corn feeds	29,000 4,000 4,000	66,071 115,558 59,015 4,509	38,210 117,591 36,631 6,761	55,982 118,891 30,341 7,572 279,122	133,501 125,650 46,767 7,869 593,526
Total		418,554	398,457	491,908	907,313

Table 2.--FEEDS, PREPARED AND MIXED: Total exports by areas, 1958-59 through 1962-63

Area :	1958-59	: : 1959-60	: : 1960-61 :	: : 1961-62 :	: : 1962-63
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	Short tons	Short tons	Short tons	Short tons	Short tons
Western Hemisphere : Europe	53,978 69,907 662	166,282 170,890 79,601 989 792	167,112 109,535 119,624 1,348 838	177,832 184,487 126,225 2,517 847	174,819 495,602 232,354 3,667 871
Total:	308,685	418,554	398,457	491,908	907,313

Prepared or mixed poultry feeds (mixed chicken feed, hen feed, laying mash, Quaker 20, turkey pellets, and feeds containing less than 100,000 units of penicillin or 100,000 units bacitracin per pound, or less than 1/10 gram of any other antibiotic per pound) represent the second most important item in exports of feeds made largely from grain. Shipments of these products increased steadily during the last 5 years--totaling 126,000 in 1962-63, compared with 29,000 tons in the 1950-54 average. Western Hemisphere countries continued to be the principal markets, although their percentage of the total decreased slightly. Exports to

European and Asian countries showed a moderate increase. Trinidad and Tobago, Mexico, and Jamaica continue to be the recipients of our largest shipments of poultry feeds.

Prepared or mixed wheat feeds (bran, cracked, and crushed wheat feed, middlings, red dog, shorts, mixed wheat feed, and wheat flakes, scalping and screemings) constitute the third most important group of exports of cereal origin. Shipments of these feeds increased from 30,000 tons in 1961-62 to 47,000 tons in 1962-63, with Japan continuing to be the largest buyer. The present fiscal year was the first time since 1959-60 that exports of these feeds have not declined.

Exports of prepared or mixed dairy feeds (calf meal, mixed cattle feed, Con-O-Mineral, cow feed, Hon-E-mix, and feeds containing less than 100,000 units of penicillin or 100,000 units of bacitracin per pound, or less than 1/10 gram of any other antibiotic per pound) in 1962-63 were slightly higher than those of the previous year. The bulk of exports continued to go to the Western Hemisphere markets even though these countries' share of the total declined moderately. This was made up by increased exports to European countries, of 53 percent over 1961-62 levels, with the largest share going to West Germany.

Exports of fodders and other feeds (including concentrates) not elsewhere classified have more than doubled over the previous year's. Feedstuffs in this category include alfalfa meal and pellets; alfalfa protein; barley screenings; brewers' dried grain; dehydrated cereal grass feed; distillers' dried grains, grain chaff, hulls and screenings; malt sprouts; milo flour meal grits; oat blowings and clippings, and oat feed; rice bran, middlings, mill-feed, offal, shorts and middlings; rye mill feed and offal; sorghum meals; spent grain, and mash, dried; and those from a number of other products of vegetable origin.

Exports in 1962-63 totaled 594,000 tons compared with 279,000 in 1961-62, 122,000 in 1958-59, and 47,000 in the 1950-54 average. The greatest increase came in shipments to the European Economic Community (EEC) countries which totaled 92,000 tons in 1961-62 as compared with 312,000 tons in 1962-63. This increase in shipments to the EEC countries is largely caused by these countries' increased production of mixed feeds. This, in turn, was influenced largely by increased use of alfalfa meal and pellets which are manufactured from dehydrated alfalfa, and used extensively in poultry feeds as a supplement source of vitamin A, xanthophyll and protein. There was also a substantial increase in exports to the Asiatic countries, particularly to Japan, with a slight decrease in shipments to African and Western Hemisphere countries.

Table 3.--CORN FEED, PREPARED AND MIXED: U.S. exports by destination, year beginning July 1, 1958-1962

Destination	1958-59	1959-60	: 1960-61 :	1961-62	1962-63
			: Short	Short	Short
			tons		tons
western nemisphere.					
Canada					
Mexico					65
Guatemala			2 :		
Dominican Republic		_			
Bermuda			•		62
Bahamas					
Cuba					329
Jamaica					
Leeward and Windward Islands		-	23		
Barbados					•
Trinidad and Tobago			,		
Haiti		50	•	2,001	•
Netherlands Antilles		57			
French West Indies		14			
Venezuela			90	_	_
British Guiana		20			
Surinam		:	20		
Uruguay					7
Total		4,626			
Europe:	0,100	7,020			
•	:				
United Kingdom					
Sweden	•	33		14,033	17,093
Denmark		447			
Ireland		280			
Netherlands					
Belgium-Luxembourg		4,479		,	•
France		2,210			
Germany, West					
Switzerland					
Italy					•
Greece	•	:	-		
Spain				_	
Total					
Hong Kong					
Philippines					10
Korea, Republic of		:	-,		
Japan		13 :	194 :		
Ceylon				. 11 :	
Singapore				:	80
French Pacific Islands				8 :	8
Trust Territory		2 :	6:		
New Guinea			7:	•	
Egypt			16		
Liberia			1 706		
Total	20 :				
:			:		
World total	14,718 :	66,071	38,210	55,982 :	133,501

Table 4.--POULTRY FEEDS, PREPARED AND MIXED: U.S. exports by destination, year beginning July 1, 1958-1962

Destination	1958-59		1960-61	1961-62	
			:		
•				Short :	
Western Hemisphere:				tons :	
Canada		151			428
Mexico		•			•
Guatemala		, -			
British Honduras:					
El Salvador	•				
Honduras					
Nicaragua					
Costa Rica	•		•	•	
Panama Republic		•			
Canal Zone		10			
Bermuda	•				
Bahamas					•
Cuba		•			
Jamaica					
Haiti					
Dominican Republic:					
Leeward & Windward Is. :			•		
Barbados	•				
Trinidad & Tobago:	•	•			
Netherlands Antilles:					•
French West Indies:					
Colombia					
Venezuela			•		
British Guiana	3,790 : 902 :		•		
Surinam	902 8	,		•	•
Ecuador:	410				
Peru	43				
Bolivia	42				
Brazil	:				
Chile			:	102 :	
Others	:		8		
Total	10.405	105,904	101,380		92,106
Europe: :	10,105		101,300	,0,0,0	/29100
United Kingdom					518
Denmark			4	79 :	
Iceland	202	2,452			
Netherlands		2,432		2:	635
Belgium-Luxembourg:		6:			
Sorgram Savembourd		0 8		:	658

(continued)

Table 4.--POULTRY FEEDS, PREPARED AND MIXED: U.S. exports by destination, year beginning July 1, 1958-1962 (Continued)

Destination	1958-59		_	1961-62	1962-63
				:	•
:	Short	Short	Short	: Short	Short
Europe (Continued):	tons	tons :	tons	tons :	tons_
Germany, West	55		2	137	592
Poland		154	950	530	
Italy	29	1,476	1,626	1,324	2,105
Greece	40 :	;	6	80	136
Spain	:	:	79	372	369
Others				83	27
Total	326	4,114	4,954	6,365	8,996
Asia:			:		
Syria:	;	25	20	200	502
Lebanon		1,816	3,541	6,114	
Israel	86	76	91	139	•
Jordan	5 :	24	279	252	272
Kuwait	;	80 :	110	587	399
Saudi Arabia		:	102	45	154
Bahrein	25 :	:		:	5
Thailand:		2 :	43 :	29 :	4
Vietnam, Laos & Cambodia:	;	30 :			
Malaya	:		6 :	68 :	233
Philippines	1,064	1,110 :	, 674	326	
Hong Kong		745 :	*		
Japan	:	607 :	•		
Nansei & Nanpo Islands :	:	20 :		, .	
Singapore	:	:		:	190
Others:	:	:	202 :	303 :	
Total:	1,693 :	4,535 :			
Others:					
Australia	:	2 :	32		
French Pacific Islands :	204				
Trust Territory of the :	201	201			002
Pacific	30 :	64	178	101	100
Libya	10 :				4
Ghana:	35 :		265		
Nigeria	50		203		
Liberia	400				
Belgian Congo					
Other Africa	:				
Total	745				
10001 *********	170	1,000	1,011	2,000	0,000
World total	113,169	115,558	117,591	118,891	125,650

Table 5.--WHEAT FEEDS, PREPARED AND MIXED: U.S. exports by destination, year beginning July 1, 1958-1962

Destination :	1958-59			1961-62	1962-63
	Short	Short	: Short	Short	Short
Western Hemisphere:				tons	
Canada:	17		438		
Mexico	31		. 4		
Guatemala:		52	502		1,590
British Honduras:	:		: 18		
El Salvador:	:	75	251	547	816
Nicaragua:	:	•	: 10	107	
Costa Rica:	20 :				
Panama Republic:	80			: :	10
Bermuda	30				
Bahamas	5 :				55
Jamaica		7 110 :			1,221
Haiti				34	
Dominican Republic:	72		33	I I	
Barbados:				304	1.1
Trinidad and Tobago:	85 :	373	: 118	56 :	282
Netherlands Antilles:	195	350	1,009	1,908	2,212
Colombia:			:	251 :	303
Venezuela:	193			-,	-,
Surinam:	6.8		•		
Ecuador:	20		: 575 :	976 :	
Peru	1,646	:	-	54 :	
British Guiana:			•	:	48
Others	2,538		26 4,857		
Total	2,336	3,123	4,001	7,291	9,414
Europe: : Cyprus:					123
Iceland:	100	151		:	123
Netherlands		2,905			2,618
Greece:				12	•
Spain:			.		49
Total:	100	3,056	580	12	2,790
:			•	: :	
Ceylon:			:	:	142
Hong Kong:	551		:	: :	333
Japan	49,883	52,836	,	: 21,023 :	- ,
Others:		:	: 4		
World total	53,072	59,015	: 36,631	: 30,341 :	46,767

Table 6.--DAIRY FEEDS, PREPARED OR MIXED: U.S. exports by destination, year beginning July 1, 1958-1962

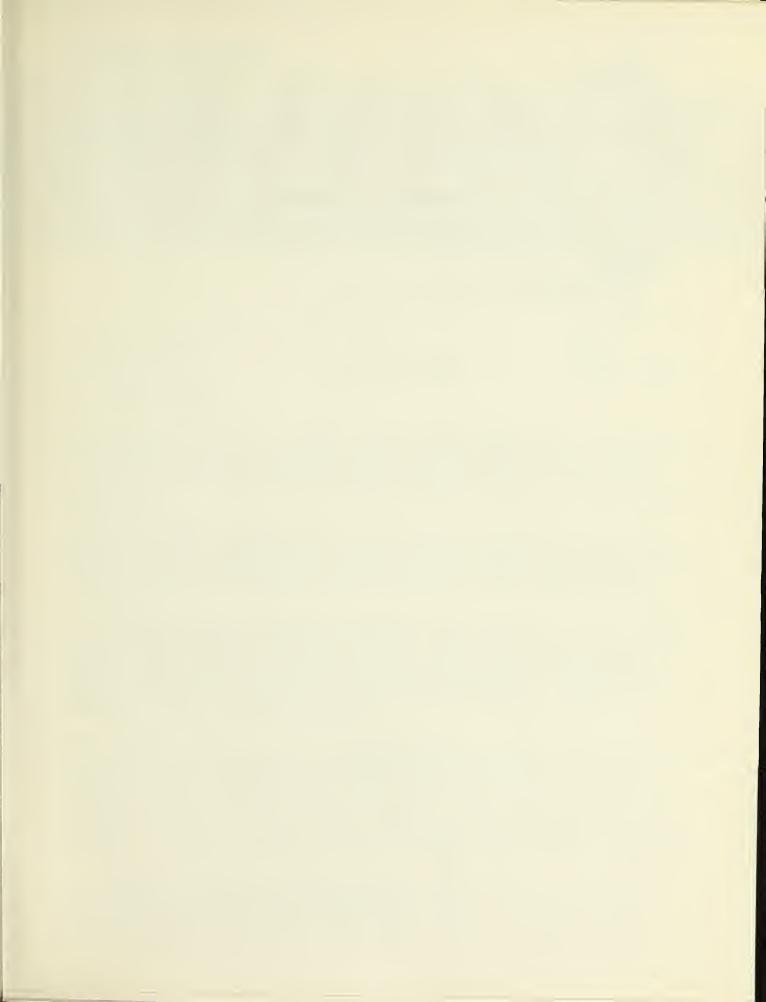
			: : 1960-61	: 1961-62	: : 1962-63
		-	: Chart	: Chart	Chant
		_			Short
Marks - Marks by a	tons	tons	: tons	tons tons	tons tons
Western Hemisphere:	100			•	•
Canada				•	
Mexico				-	
Guatemala	- -				
British Honduras			2		20
El Salvador	_				
Honduras			=		: 6
Nicaragua					
Costa Rica				_, _	
Panama					
Bermuda					
Bahamas				· -	553
Cuba	579	204	72	: :	:
Jamaica					271
Haiti		. 10	-	54	
Dominican Republic		61	33	78	50
Leeward and Windward Islands	30	: :	: :	:	2
Barbados	181	598	488	485	293
Trinidad and Tobago:		218	346	238	169
Netherlands Antilles	779 :	353	300	238	277
French West Indies		:	:	4 :	20
Colombia:	110 :	:	100 :	35	8
Venezuela	223	328	207	359	145
British Guiana	48 :	4 :	24		
Surinam					
Ecuador					_
Peru			29	-	
Others	_				
Total					
Europe: :					
Iceland:			910		
Denmark				-	_
Belgium-Luxembourg	_		,	21	
Germany, West			•		,
Italy:					
Greece		•	_	-	
Netherlands		_			210
Spain	:	:	-,	_	
Switzerland:			_		
Others	:	5 :			
Total:	1,005 :	943	2,393	1,958:	2,989
:	:	:			
Arabia:	:	:	:	:	
Lebanon:	:	:	13 :	198 :	177
Syria:	:	:	:	:	8
Kuwait:	:	:	:	106 :	
Thailand:	:	:	:	:	60
Philippines:	34 :	43 :	21 :	67 :	
Japan:	:	:	:	89 :	10
French Pacific Islands:	41 :	2:	32 :	6:	15
Saudi Arabia:	:	:	:	:	75
Malaya:	:	:	:	:	36
Hong Kong	:	:	:	:	35
Others:	:	:	7 :	41 :	
Total	75 :				
				:	
World total	6 041 •				
World total:	6,041 :	4,509 :	6,761 :	7,572:	7,869

Table 7.--FODDERS AND FEEDS, n.e.c.: U.S. exports by destination, year beginning July 1, 1958-1962

					
Destination	1958-59	1959-60	: : 1960-61 :	1961-62	1962-63
1				:	
	:		:	:	
:	Short :	Short	Short:	Short :	Short
Western Hemisphere:	tons_:	tons_ :	tons:	tons :	tons
Canada	33,039 :	19,281	18,680 :	26,789 :	22,337
Mexico				•	
Guatemala	•	-	•	•	
British Honduras					_
El Salvador	154 :			479 :	1,162
Honduras	102 :			-	,
Nicaragua					
Costa Rica					
Panama					
Canal Zone				4:	
Bermuda		-		551 :	
Bahamas		,			•
Cuba					
Jamaica		•		2,101 :	3,080
Haiti	•	•	•	•	-
Dominican Republic:					
Leeward & Windward Is.	32 :				
Barbados				-	
Trinidad and Tobago:					
Netherlands Antilles:	•	•	•	•	•
Colombia	•	•			
Venezuela					,
British Guiana	•	•	•	•	•
Surinam					
Ecuador					
Peru			-		
Brazil	29 :	204	_ _		
Chile		:			
Others	:	43 :			-
Total	62,450 :		جبراثت فبخصصت صنوي دعوي والم		
	02, 00			07,100	00,10.
Europe:	1 054	000	170	26	1.4
Iceland					
Sweden					
Norway					•
Denmark			-	-	•
United Kingdom: Ireland		•	•	•	
Netherlands			•		
		•	•		•
Belgium-Luxembourg: France		•	•	13,577:	
rance	1,237:	6,888 :	6,807:	15,461 :	35,758

Table 7.--FODDERS AND FEEDS, n.e.c.: U.S. exports by destination year beginning July 1, 1958-62 (Continued)

Destination	1958-59	: : 1959-60 :	: : 1960-61	: : 1961-62 :	: : 1962-63 :
:	•	:	:	:	:
	Short	: Short		: Short	: Short
Europe (Continued):	tons	: tons_	: tons	: tons	: tons
Germany, West	1,056	: 12,974	: 2,758	: 18,568	: 30,329
Austria			:	: 60	
Switzerland		: 24		: 632	•
Finland			: 62	: 103	: 134
U.S.S.R					:
Spain		: 2,582		: 806 :	- ,
Portugal		:	•		: 48
Italy		•	: 2,849	•	•
Greece		: 21	: 201		
Poland		:	:	: 167	
Yugoslavia		:	:		5,434
Others		:	:	: 4	
Total	41,335	: 101,572	12,861	: 131,432	357,566
Asia:		•	_	:	•
Turkey		:	: 71		375
Lebanon		: 277	: 260		: 138
Iran		•	: 12		85
Israel	53	: 135			_, -
Kuwait		: 2	: 22		53
Saudi Arabia		:		2	50
Jordan		: 12			100
Pakistan		: 12	: 6		72
India		: 39	•	79	116
Malaya and Singapore		: 53		401	727
Philippines		· 724			
Macao		:	: 54		
Korea	22	•			
Hong Kong					
Taiwan		: 25		•	
Japan	15,321				169,653
Nansei and Nanpo Islands:		•			39
Others		: 10			
Total					176,516
Africa:		•	•		
Congo (Leopoldville):	5	• • 27	:	74	
Liberia	96			96	
Libya	-			83	
Others					
Total					
Australia and other :				:	
Oceania			•	305 :	386
World total					
MOTIO COCAL *******	121,000	- 1,0,401	- 1//,207		0,0,020



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

WASHINGTON, D. C. 20250

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Foreign Agricultural Service Washington D.C.

U. S. DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE

JAN 7 - 1964

WORLD BARLEY-OATS

PRODUCTION SMALLER

CURRENT SERIAL RECORDS

GRAIN FG 9-63 November 1963

The 1963 world production of barley and oats was a million short tons smaller than the 1962 total, but was still above the 1955-59 average, according to preliminary estimates of the Foreign Agricultural Service. A continuing downward trend in oats more than offset a substantial increase in world barley production.

Combined production of these grains for the current season is forecast at 147 million short tons, compared with a near-record 148 million last year and the 1955-59 average of 143 million. Compared with last year's total, world barley production was up 2.8 million short tons and the oats crop was down 3.8 million.

The world barley crop, as forecast at 3,990 million bushels, is at a new high, with the largest expansion in Western Europe. Acreage there was about 2.3 million acres larger than in 1962, which more than offsets smaller yields. Some increase is also reported for North America and Africa. Southern Hemisphere production is expected to be above the poor outturns in 1962, if growing conditions continue favorable.

World production of oats is forecast at 3,200 million bushels, well below the 3,435 million last year, and is the smallest world production of the past 50 years. Acreage continued its downward trend to reach the low figure of 79 million acres, in sharp contrast with the 1955-59 average of 117 million. Reductions from the 1955-59 average were noted for most areas of the world, but the two largest were in the Soviet Union and the United States. Reductions in those two countries alone would account for well over 80 percent of the decline.

World trade in these grains will be smaller than in 1962-63 as a result of reduced import requirements in Western Europe, the principal importer. A record barley crop in that area reduces import needs as does the existence of large supplies of low quality wheat which will be fit only for feeding.

BARLEY: Acreage, yield per acre, and production in specified countries, year of harvest average 1955-59, annual 1961-63 $\underline{1}/$

		Acreage	ige 2/			Yield per	r acre $\frac{3}{}$			Production	ction	
Continent and country	Average : 1955-59 :	1961	1962	1963 4/ :	Average 1955-59	1961	1962	1963 4/	Average 1955-59	; 1961 ;	1962 :	1963 4/
	1,000 :	1,000 : acres :	1,000 : acres :	1,000 : acres :	Bushels	Bushels	Bushels	Bushels	1,000 : bushels :	1,000 : bushels :	1,000 : bushels :	1,000 bushels
North America: Canada	8,971 :	5,529 :	5,287:	6,160:	26.5	20.4	31.4	35.0	237,926:	112,640:	165,888:	215,876
Mexico	594:	576 :	583	593 :	14.3	13.9	13.6		8,500	- 1	7,950:	
Estimated total $5/\ldots$	23,960:	19,050:	18,310:	18,510 :	28.0 :	27.1	33.0	33.5	671,000:	516,000:	:000,009	620,000
		•• •		•••	••	••			•• ••	•• ••	••	
Austria	419 :	464 :	477 :	545 :	40.8	50.6	53.6	53.6	17,110:		25,580:	29,200
Belqium	: 299 :	299 :	319 :	338 :	63.4 :	62.8	71.9	72.8	: 14,520:		22,930:	24,600
Denmark	: 1,692:	1,975 :	2,051:	2,261:	65.1	65.3	73.9	8.29	: 110,090:	129,000:	151,520:	153,400
Finland	: 518:	497 :	508	:	29.0	33.8	24.4	1 3	: 15,010:			
France	4,452 :	5,582:	5,292 :	6,225 :	44.4	44.5	51.1	51.7	197,890:	248,600:		321,680
Germany, West	: 2,142:	2,768:	2,813:	2,822:	52.1	45.2	61.1	57.9	: 111,700:			302,501
Greece	: 491 :	456 :	459 :	455 :	22.3	23.7	25.2	28.6	10,950:			13,000
Ireland	: 279 :	362 :	406 :	434 :	57.7	65.5	68.2	68.7	16,110:			29,800
Italy	571 :	543 :	518 :	507 :	23.2	23.6	22.03	0.02	13,240			13,200
Netherlands	183	253 :	247 :	250	. 6.07	66.69	2000	44.4	12,970			000,00
Norway	312 :	380	405	413 :	43.2	7.10	, 20°.9	0.01	13,4603			4.300
•		314	314	340 :	10.1	7 66	27.70	27 1	82,630			94,160
Spain	5,762 :	2,000 2,000 3,000 3,000 3,000 4,000	910	1,215	40.9	51.4	48.7	47.7	26,760:			57,980
Switzerland		72 :	87 :	82 1	54.4	58.3	66.7	53.7	3,430:		5,800:	4,400
United Kingdom	: 2,611:	3,828 :	3,980 :	4,707 :	56.8	60.6	9.79	59.5	: 148,200:	232,100:	1	280,000
Estimated total Western Europe 5/:	18,800:	22,280:	22,400:	24,670:	42.6	45.4	52.1	50.5	: 800,000:1	*11	1,167,000:	1,245,000
	1 454	* 053	•		. 9 80	30.8	1	1	18.770:	\$000.00		:
Datagatta	-	1200	1 712 .		37.6	42.4	47.0	;	61,700		84,470:	;
Company Fact	1,033	1,068	925	: "	45.8	40.7	54.8	;	37,760:	43,500:	50,800:	;
Hundry Laur	1.172	1,289	1.354 :	;	31.8	35.1	38,9	;	37,280;			;
pure Log	1.857	1.680 :	1,639	:	28.9	36.6	36.7	1	53,630			;
WITH THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPE		702 :	621:	:	21.7	30.6	31.0	1	16,940:			;
Yudoslavia		917:	867 :	865 :	23.7	28.4	25.2	1	: 21,890:			
	7,880 :	8,050;	7,880	7,940 :	31.7	36.4	38.7	37.2	: 250,000:	293,000:	305,000:	295,000
Ec+imated +otal all Element 5/	: 084 AC	\$ 022 08	30 280 .	32 610	30.4	43.0	48.6	47.2	: 1.050.000:1.305.000:1	1.305.000:		1.540.000
racting to the contract	000.07	000000	303500	25,010						·		
U.S.S.R (Europe and Asia) 6/	25,000 :	33,100 :	40,500 :	1	17.6	18.4	17.8		440,000:	610,000:	720,000:	:

Asia:	:	150		: :	21.5	14.7 :	1		3,046:	2,200:		;
	2.015			·	21.1		1	1	: 42,530:	46,000:	43,600:	46,000
TOTAL	2,821	2.572 :	2.939 :	:	15.9 :	16.3 :	17.6	1	: 44,992:	41,850:	51,680:	:
TOTAL	134:	140 :		:	22.0 :	15.7 :	;	1	: 2,949:	2,200:	:	;
TAPIST	6.295 :	6.400 :	6.350 :	;	22.1 :	22.3	23.1	1	: 139,000:	142,500:	147,000:	;
O TOTAL	1,213	1.038 :	1,236 :	:	13.2 :	9.6	22.2	;	: 16,064:	10,000:	27,500:	28,000
OVER CONTRACTOR CONTRA				:	:	!	;	!	: 311,000:	:	:	;
The maintain	8.269 #	7,965	8,255 :	8,500 :	15.1 :	16.5	17.3	: 17.3	: 124,600:	131,630:	143,100:	147,000
TOTAL	2,336 :	1,711	1,513 :	1,407 :	40.0	48.5 :	48.1	29.3	: 93,528:	82,970:	72,800:	41,170
Coros Deputality of	1.933 :	2,000 :	2,072 :		18.8 :	23.6 :	21.2	;	36,260:	47,200:	44,000:	1
Doles of the Contract of the C	561:	536 :	544 :	:	11.8 :	11.8	11.4		6,620:	6,300:	6,200:	:
FORISCIAL	43,780:	44,300 :	44,960 :	44,170:	19.3 :	18.8	19.2	18.8	: 845,000:	835,000:	865,000:	830,000
•		••	••	•	••					••	••	
000000000000000000000000000000000000000	••	••	••	••	••	••		••		••	••	
Alooria	3,111 :	2,200:	2,430:	:	10.9 :	. 8.9	1	1	: 34,000:	15,000:	:	37,400
OCCUPANT OF THE PROPERTY OF TH	4,438:	3,825	3.840 :	4,781 :	12.4 :	6.5	14.3	: 16.1	: 55,250:	25,000:	55,000:	77,000
Tuesday	1,550 :	1,000 :	: 006		5.4 :	4.0	5.6	:	: 8,440:	4,000:	5,000:	1
+C>C	141:	126:	135 :	119:	43.2 :	48.4	49.6	: 49.6	:060,9	6,100:	6,700:	2,900
South Africa Republic of	899	:		:	16.9 :	1	!		1,150:	1,600:	1,900:	:
Estimated total 5/	11,270:	9,300 :	9,450:	11,220:	11.1	8.1	12.7	: 13.4	: 125,000:	75,000:	120,000:	150,000
	•	••	••	••	••				••	••	••	
Court Amora	••	••	••	••	••	••		••	••	••	••	
Arontino	2.213:	1.840 :	;		22.8 :	20.0	;	\ \ 	: 50,510:	36,740:	16,000:	;
ALCELIA	157 :	164:	163 :	:	31,4 :	31.7	33.1	;	: 4,932:	5,200:	5,400:	;
a trace	120 :	136 :	138 :	143 :	27.4 :	34.1 :	35.9	37.1	3,293:	4,640:	4,960:	2,300
LOCAL CONTRACTOR OF CONTRACTOR	295	205	:	1	13.3	15.8 :	;	1	3,928:	3,230:	3,800:	;
DOCTOR CONTRACTOR CONT	430 :	490 :	494	507	19.5	20.4	20.6	20.7	8,551:	10,000:	10,200:	10,500
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	α	121	000	1	12,3	11.6 :	16.2	:	1,457:	1,400:	1,600:	;
TO+1804 CO+1801	3.500 :	3.220 :	3.280 :	3.350 :	21.2	20.2	15.2	20.9	: 76,000:	65,000	50,000	70,000
					••	**						
	• •					•			••	••	••	
Oceania:	2 183 :	2.384	2.100 :	: ::	20.8	18.1	17.9	;	: 45,400:	43,230:	37,600:	:
Now 7001000	. 20162	77 :	78 :	;	51.2	48.2	54.2	1	2,970:	3,710:	4,225:	:
Total Oceania	2,241:	2,461 :	2,178:	2,275 :	21.6 :	19.1	19.2	: 19.3	: 48,370:	46,940:	41,830:	43,800
		•	•	٠	٠	•					••	
Estimated world total 5/ 136,520 :	136,520:	141,760:	141,760 : 148,960 : 157,840	157,840:	23.8 :	24.4 :	26.0	25.3	:3,255,000:3,455,000:3,875,000: 3,990,000	,455,000:3	,875,000:	000,066,1

1/ Years shown refer to years of harvest in the Northern Hemisphere. Harvests of Northern Hemisphere countries are combined with those of the Southern Hemisphere which immediately follow; thus, the crop harvested in the Northern Hemisphere in 1963 is combined with preliminary forecasts for the Southern Hemisphere harvests which will begin late in 1963 and end early in 1964. 2/ Figures refer to harvested areas as far as possible. 3/ Yield per acre calculated from acreage and production data shown. 4/ Preliminary estimates for Northern Hemisphere countries; for Southern Hemisphere, preliminary forecasts based largely on acreage and weather conditions to date. 5/ Estimated totals, which in the case of production, are rounded to millions, include allowances for any missing data for countries shown and for other producing countries not shown. 6/ Unofficial estimates for production.

Foreign Agricultural Service. Prepared or estimated on the basis of official statistics of foreign governments, other foreign source material, reports of U.S. Agricultural Attaches and Foreign Service Officers, results of office research, and related information.

OATS: Acreage, yield per acre, and production in specified countries, year of harvest, average, 1955-59, annual 1961-63 $\underline{1}/$

		Acreage	ige 2/			Yield p	per acre $3/$			Production	ction	
Continent and country :	Average : 1955-59	1961	1962	1963 4/ :	Average 1955-59	1961	1962	: 1963 4/	Average 1955-59	1961	1962 :	1963 4/
	1,000 :	1,000 :	1,000 :	1,000 :	8ushels	8ushe1s	Bushels	Bushels	: 1,000 : bushels :	1,000 : bushels :	1,000 : bushels :	1,000 bushels
North America:						0				: 200	: 017	447 430
Canada 5/		8,543	10,591	9,488	38.6	33.2	40.0	2 4/.2	3/4,/64:		283,965: 493,610:	975 068
	33,093	23,994 :	22,934	21,939 :	33.0	22.3	20.6	23.8	1,270,143		4.340:	5,000
Estimated total 6/	43.	32,750 :	33,740 :	31,640:	38.6	39.7	45.3	: 45.1	:1,660,000:	,660,000:1,300,000:1,530,000:1,428,000	1,530,000:1	,428,000
	1	•	••	••	••				••		••	
Europe:	••	••	••	••	••			••				
Austria		384 :	372 :	389	53.1	60.2	61.6	: 62.3	: 23,740:	23,100:	22,900:	24,240
Belgium		337 :	306	285 :	86.2	90.9	95.1	: 96.3	31,470:		29,400:	27,450
Denmark		483 :	405	462 :	89.1	97.6	103.6	36.2	51,210		41,960:	44,440
Finland	1,111:	1,169:	1,127 :	1	43.3	55.5	37.7		: 48,160:	64,830:	42,500:	- 100
France	4,424 :	3,562 :	3,313	3,161:	50.7	50.1	53.9	: 57.8	: 224,270:		178,430	182,620
Germany, West	2,211:	1,787 :	1,990 :	1,905 :	. 8.07	73.8	80°8	83.9	: 156,630:		160, 700:	159,830
Greece	355 :	324:	326 :	290	31.0	32.6	32.7	34.5	: 11,000:	10,550:	10,660:	10,000
Ireland	490 :	368	346 :	335 :	70.2	71.3	6.87	3.87	34,380:		27,300:	26,400
Italy	1,039:	1,059 :	1,015:	666	36.1	38.1	40.5	39.8	37,490:		41,100:	39,500
Luxembourg	46 :	40 :	42 :	!	59.0	0.69	60.7	1 :	2,890:		2,550:	1 1
Netherlands	368 :	305 :	294	279 :	87.3	97.4	108.8	100.0	32,140:	29,710:	32,000:	27,900
Norway	157 :	153 :	131	138 :	59.4	78.2	1.96.1	12.3	3,320:		14,520:	15,450
Portugal	756 :	743 :	662 :	, 200		٥ ، د و	727.0	20.0	,450:		25, 200;	22,430
Spain	1,408:	1,442:	1,357 :	1,285:	26.3	23.6	0.02	25.3	37,000:	34,100:	32,300:	32,300
Sweden	1,299 :	1,405 :	1,275	1,290 :	4.00	00.4	200	200.7	3 850		3.580:	2,850
Interdal Vandom	0	1 733 •	1 5 10 .	1 207 .	69.64	73.4	20.5	80.3	163.310	127,540:	122,300:	105,000
Estimated total Western Europe 6/:	-	15,330:	14,520 :	14,060:	53.6	56.1	58.5	: 59.7	: 935,000:	860,000:	850,000:	840,000
		••	••	••	••			••			**	
Sulgaria		425 :	!	:	28.8	30.6	¦	:	: 11,340:	13,000:		;
Czechoslovakia		1,150:	1,113 :	:	50.2	57.4	0.95	:	: 64,800:	:000,99	62,350:	:
Germany, East	1,152:	866:	916	:	57.9	68.1	75.0	:	: 66,740:		68,950:	:
Hungary		273 :	208	:	37.6	35.2	38.2	:	: 14,080:		7,950	1
Poland	4,	3,959 :	3,915 :	!	40.7	51.3	48.2	:	: 168,640:		188,880:	1
Rumania		602:	428 :	:	27.6	31.4	26.9	:	: 22,960:	18,900:	11,500:	;
Yugoslavia	П	877 :	766 :	760 :	27.4	34.0	27.4	-	\$ 24,090	- 1	21,010	-
Estimated total Eastern Europe 6/:	9,120:	8,200:	7,790 :	8,170:	41.1	48.8	48.1	: 46.5	: 375,000:	- 1	375,000:	380,000
		••	••	••	••			••	••	••	••	
Estimated total all Europe 6/:	26,570:	23,530 :	22,310 :	22,230:	49.3	53.5	54.9	: 54.9	:1,310,000:1,260,000:1,225,000:1,220,000	1,260,000:	,225,000:1	,220,000

Hemisphere which immediately follow; thus, the crop harvested in the Northern Hemisphere in 1963 is combined with preliminary forecasts for the Southern Hemisphere Hemisphere harvests which will begin late in 1963 and end early in 1964. 2/ Figures refer to harvested areas as far as possible. 3/ Yield per acre calculated from acreage and production data shown. 4/ Preliminary estimates for Northern Hemisphere countries; for Southern Hemisphere, preliminary forecasts based largely on acreage and weather conditions to date. 5/ Production and yield reported in bushels of 34 pounds. 6/ Estimated totals, which in the case of production are rounded to millions, include allowances for any missing data for countries shown and for other producing countries not shown. 7/ Unofficial estimates for pro-1/ Years shown refer to years of harvest in the Northern Hemisphere. Harvests of Northern Hemisphere countries are combined with those of the Southern duction.

Foreign Agricultural Service. Prepared or estimated on the basis of official statistics of foreign governments, other foreign source material, reports of U.S. Agricultural Attaches and Foreign Service Officers, results of office research and related information.

North America's production of barley and oats amounts to a little over a fourth of the world total. Production of the two was somewhat below the 1962 outturn because of the reduction in oats. Both the U.S. and Canada had somewhat smaller outturns of oats, mainly because of curtailed acreage; acreage was about a million acres less in each.

Barley production was slightly larger in North America, although it was still well below the 1955-59 average. Conditions varied within the area; Canada's acreage and yields were larger than in 1962 while U.S. acreage and yields were down. The net increase in production was about 2 percent.

Western Europe's production of these grains was about 4 percent above the 1962 total because of a record barley crop estimated at 1,245 million bushels. This is sharply above the 1955-59 average of 800 million bushels as a result of expanded acreage and higher yields. The current crop is about 80 million bushels above the previous record, last year. A substantial part of the winter-damaged wheat acreage was shifted to barley, especially in France and the United Kingdom, bringing the total for the area about 2 million acres above 1962 acreage.

Western Europe's oats acreage was moderately smaller than in 1962 but higher yields partly offset the loss in acreage and production was only 10 million bushels below the 1962 total. A sizable cut in the United Kingdom's acreage accounts for most of the reduction.

On the basis of preliminary reports, it appears that there were only slight changes in the production of these grains in <u>Eastern Europe</u>. Total production of barley is down 10 million bushels; this is partly offset by an estimated 5 million bushel increase in oats.

Firm figures are not available for the Soviet Union, but a substantial shift of oats acreage to barley is reported. Yields of both grains appear below average. Little change from the 1962 barley crop is indicated but a large decrease in oats production followed the sharp cut in acreage.

Asia's barley production is less than last year mainly because of reduced crops in Iraq and Japan. Iraq, normally a surplus producing country, had a poor crop and can be expected to export little if any barley during 1963-64. Japan's crop was less than half an average harvest and this will mean increased import requirements this season. Oats production in Asia is estimated the same as in 1962.

Production of barley in Africa is tentatively set at 150 million bushels, well above 1962 and also above average. Larger outturns in Algeria and Morocco account for this increase. Production of oats is of minor importance in the area and a total of 14 million bushels is estimated for both 1962 and 1963.

No dependable indications are yet available for grain prospects in Southern Hemisphere countries. There, harvesting begins about the beginning of December and growing conditions up to that time will determine outturns.

Based on preliminary information, <u>South America's</u> barley production will be larger than the poor crop last year. Better prospects in Argentina account for the expected increase. Some increase is also expected for oats; Argentina's production last year was only half the 1955-59 average.

Little change is expected in <u>Australia's</u> 1963 production of these grains. No significant change from the 1962 acreage is reported and yield prospects are generally good, as they were last year.

WASHINGTON, D. C. 20250

Official Business

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FOREIGN AGRICULTURE CIRCULAR

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
Foreign Agricultural Service Washington D.C.



NATIONAL ACT

OCT 1 3 1964

GRAIN
FG 10-63
November 1963

EXPORTS OF U.S. COARSE GRAINS

CURRENT SERIAL

PRODUCTS DECLINE SLIGHTLY

Exports of U.S. coarse grain products during fiscal year 1962-63 decreased about 1 percent from the 533,000 metric tons shipped in 1961-62. However, coarse grains during the same period increased 5 percent over the 14.1 tons exported during 1961-62. Products of cornmeal, hominy and grits, cornstarch, oatmeal and barley malt, on a grain equivalent basis, totaled 528,000 tons in 1962-63 compared to 533,000 tons in 1961-62, 478,000 tons in 1960-61, and 473,000 tons in 1959-60.

Corn products.—Total corn product exports were 438,000 tons—a slight decrease from the 444,000 tons shipped during 1961—62. Corn meal accounted for 84 percent of total corn products exported, of which 337,000 tons were donated under Government programs to needy countries. Relief shipments went largely to Mexico, Brazil, Colombia, Egypt, India, Republic of Korea, and the Philippines. Cash sales of cornmeal decreased in total, with the largest markets still Canada and the Netherlands Antilles.

Hominy and grits exports increased 22 percent over the 29,000 tons shipped during 1961-62, and 27 percent more than the 26,000 tons for 1960-61. Japan was a new market because of a liberalization of import restrictions of corn.

Cornstarch shipments decreased 4 percent from the 36,000 tons exported during 1961-62, but were 2 percent higher than the amount exported in 1960-61. The greatest decrease was to the United Kingdom; this decline took place during the last half of the fiscal year.

•				Corn and	roducts		-	
Destin ation	Corn except seed	Corn seed: except : sweet :	Corn for relief	Corn meal	Hominy and grits	Corn starch	Corn meal: for : relief :	Total
		Metric :	Metric :	Metric	Metric :	Metric :	Metric :	Metric
North and Central America and Caribbean:	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons :	tons
Canada	1,671,950:	1,343:	117:	13,144	15,329:	9,823:	26:	1,711,732
Mexico	218,155:		16,206:	92:	1,081:	602:	18,101:	254,394
British Honduras			27:			:	466:	904
Canal Zone		1: 11:		13:		1: 635:	:	15 1,657
El Salvador			3,740	-		189:	2,912:	9,542
Guatemala			;	37		68:	1,484:	18,897
Honduras			:	6:	848:	181:		1,898
Nicaragua			1,835			14:		4,447
Panama			:	7: 113:		2,923: 93:		7,964 4,053
Barbados			:	666	, , , ,	1:		2,314
Bermuda				30:		64:		120
Dominican Republic		-,	1,057:	2,693	:	2,385:		
French West Indies		:	:	86:	:	:		477
Haiti		:	:			25:		2,741
Jamaica				553 205		1,932:	2,703: 104:	15,647 1,218
Netherlands Antilles	, ,			5,175		37:		7,154
Trinidad and Tobago			:	200	-,	127:		5,957
Total			22,982	23,359	19,992:	19,100:	46,072:	2,069,908
South America:								
Argentina		16:		7		112:	:	135
Bolivia	:		:	29		7:		36
Brazil	600:	:	:	35	: :	384:	16,676:	17,695
British Guiana	429:		:		27:	:	:	456
Chile	:	5:	:		:	32:		
Colombia Ecuador		:	554:		35:	38: 882:		
Paraguay		:	114:	2)	· :	:	1,935: 713:	3,164 713
Peru	874	1:		728		1,765:		
Surinam			8	143		:	:	714
Venezuela	307		:		7,324:	598:		
Uruguay	:	30:	668		7.386	3,818:	830:	63 635
Total	2,779	, ,,,,,	000	1,175	1,300.			63,635
Western Europe: EEC		:				:		
Belgium-Luxembourg	541,245	187:	:	16	:	282:		541,730
France				32:				8,874
Germany, West	500,478:	1,937:	:	100	2,101:	145:		504,761
Italy			:			127:		
Netherlands				27		20:		1,467,034
EEC subtotal	3,291,262:	3,622:	:	175	2,107	923:	8,343:	3,306,432
Denmark	63,293:	:	:		23:	3:	:	63,319
Finland	47:		:		:	53:		100
Greece	: 138,003: 58:		114:			3:	8,633:	146,753 1,277
Ireland	145,511:			1,219	:	4:	:	145,515
Norway					245		:	80,426
Portugal	5:	42:	:	964	: :	:	1,889:	2,900
Spain						8:	:	818,833
Austria						4:		130,044
Sweden					1,014	250: 164:		8,773 49,343
United Kingdom				122	93			1,847,356
Malta	: :	:			- ′:	2:		2
Trieste				:	: :	:	:	19,924
Cyprus			:	88		<u> :</u>	169:	
Total	6,586,289	3,894:	114:	2,604	3,482:	9,887:	19,046:	6,625,316
Eastern Europe:	:				:	:	:	
Czechoslovakia			:	· :	:	:	:	
Hungary		2:			:	:	:	12 401
Poland		:				:	2,174:	43,601
Yugoslavia		116:				:	34:	20,470
U.S.S.R	:	2:						2
Total		120:	:		:	:	2,208:	64,075
		:	:		:	:	:	
Total all Europe	6,648,036:	4,014:	114:	2,604	3,482:	9,887:	21,254:	6,689,391

		DD GIGIZINO (Paul		not a :			
		products		Dari	ey and prod	ucts •	Grain :	Grand total all grains	D - +4 +4
Oats		meal	Total .	Barley :	Malt .	Total :		& products:	Destination
	Bulk	Packaged	10001					:	
		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
Metric	Metric :	Metric :	Metric :	Metric :	Metric :	Metric :	Metric :		N 41 1 Court 2 towards
tons	tons	tons :	tons	tons :	tons	tons	tons	tons	North and Central America and Caribbean:
102		66:	2/0:	98,897	8,090:	106,987	2,878	1,821,846:	_
183: 181:			249: 7,520:	23,650:	3,456:	27,106			
6:		86:	92:	:	51:	51:		1,047:	British Honduras
:	:	: 6:	6:	:	:	:		21:	Canal Zone
:	44		1,190:	:		825	•	4,672:	Costa Rica El Salvador
	170	309: 304:	309: 783:	:	-,-,-	1,391: 519:			
:	479: 13:								
3				:	50:	50:	:	5,629:	Nicaragua
42:				:	,,,,,				Panama
149				:	-			7,7	
		 9:	: 9:	:	54:	54:		,	
64:					2,7 7 9:			22,487:	
		6:						483:	French West Indies
:	:	180:		26:		26:		~ 9 /	
398:					717				
		103:			: 5:	: 5:		1,321: 7,595:	
57		: 334: : 51:		:					
1.080				122,573					Total
									South America:
		: :	:	:					
		79					-, , , ~ 0	115:	
:	:	: :	:	:	706:	706	249		Brazil
:		: :	:	:	217:	217			
:		: 2:			:		-	6,290:	
	974	: 39: : 91:			303	303	516 47		
		2:						715:	
		929						6,687	
:	71				:	:		917:	
1,548	306					27,059			
		:					17		-
1,548									
	-	: :					:	: :	Western Europe:
13,162		: :	13,162:	25,399		25,399	450,130	1,030,421:	
4,643		:	4,643:			19,812	4,673	38,002	
67,443		: :	67,443:	301,004		301,004	: 172,513		
50,553		: :	50,553:	226,469		226,469	1,384	: 1,062,439:	Italy
140,274			140,309:	162,653					
276,075	25	: 10:	276,110:	735,337		735,337	: 1,329,883	: 5,647,762:	EEC subtotel
8,480		2:	8,482	45,162	:	45,162	61,237	178,200	Denmark
19,229		: :	-,,,	:	: :	'	:	19,329	Finland
		: :	:				16,162		
24			24:	2,341	:	2,341 		3,642: 145,515:	
3,201		:	3,201	10,313		10,313			
	:	: :	:	:	:			2,900	Portugal
		: :	:	7,112		7,112		826,504	Spain
3,516	:	: :	2 514	38,837		38,837			
18,203		:	3,516: 18,203:			1,626			
		: :	:	11,794		11,794			
9		: :	9:		- :			: 11:	Malta
	:	: - :	:	:	:		:	19,924	
	:	:	:	0(0.015			1,524		
328,737							: 1,694,057		
		:							Eastern Europe:
	·	: :		_			2	: 2:	Czechoslovakia
	:	:		119,331		119,331			
	:	: :					52		
	:	: :	:		: :			20,470	Yugoslavia
=	<u> </u>	: :					:	2:	U.S.S.R.
		: :		119,331			377,651	: 561,057:	Total
		: :	-	000			:	:	
328,737	: 25	: 12:	328,774	983,172	- :	983,172	: 2,071,708	: 10,073,045:	Total all Europe

				Corn and	products			
Destination	Corn : except : seed :	Corn see except sweet	Corn for relief	Corn	: Hominy : and : grits	Corn starch	Corn meal: for : relief :	Total
	:		:	:	:		:	
	Metric :		: Metric	: Metric	: Metric	Metric :	Metric :	Metric
APakasa	tons	tons	tons	tons tons	tons	tons	tons	tons
Africa: Algeria	:		:	:	:	: :	3,327:	3,327
Egypt	181,651:		:	:	:	: 3:		
Libya	48:		:		5:	27:		80
Madeira Islands			:	: 8	:	28:		83 334
Tunisia			: -	:	:			
Ethiopia			:	:	:	: :	349:	379
Angola	:		:	:	:	: :	729:	
Congo, Republic of the			1:	: 88	:	: 114:	. ,	
British West Africa			:	: 18.	4:	:		
Ghana			: 6	55:	:	: 1:		
Liberia			:	: 22		64:		
Nigeria and Cameroon			:		3: <u></u>	: 8	•	63: 4"
Mozambique			: 7:	21: 4	:	:		72]
South Africa Republic			5:	:	:	: 12:	: :	136
Sudan	: :		:	:	: 10			20, 220
Canary Islands			:	: 19.	4: 17	55 55		22,338
Spanish Africa, n.e.c			:	:	:	· - :		2,500
Western Africa, n.e.c.			:	: 1,76	3:	:	8,103	
Total	263,336:		6: 78	36: 3,38	7: 38	: 270:	53,014:	320,837
Asia:			:	:	:	:	:	
Aden	47		:	:	:	: :	: :	47
Arabian Peninsula			: -): 	: :		25
Bahrein Iran	_		: — 3: —	:	2:	: 9:		53 104
Iraq			7:	:	:	: (128
Israel			:	:	:	: 407		
Jordan			:	22:	:	: :		
Kuwait Lebanon			:	:	:	: 43:		
Saudi Arabia				72: 9	4: 5			
Syria			:	;:	:	: :	: :	16
Turkey			: 50	06:	:	: :	44	
Ceylon Taiwan			: ,	72: —	:	: 84: : 28:		13,319
Hong Kong			4:	:	:	: 26:		
India			: 1,7		l:	:	2-9-4	126,511
Indonesia				69:	:	83		
Japan Korean Republic			0: 2:	:	: 4,970	: :		
Malaya and Singapore				64:	:			
Pakistan			1: 1,2		: 14	: 7:		
Philippines			6: 40	52:	:	: 98		
Macao Thailand			:	:	:	: - 4	,	322
Vietnam	14,869		: 10	55: 8	3:	: 17:		27,782
Burma	:' :		:	:	:	: :	34:	34
Laos	:		:	:	:	: :		
Nansei Islands	1,189,483		3: 4,5	: <u></u> 58: 31	: 5: 4,989	: 127: : 970:		
Oceania:								
Australia			:	:	:	: 272		
New Zealand			8:	:	:	72:		90
British Western Pacific Islands	: :		:	:	:	: :	36:	36
French Pacific Islands			:	:	:	: 4:		4
Trust Territory of the Pacific Is.	5:		÷	<u> </u>	•	252		
Total	,		8:	:	<u>: </u>	352	70:	445
World total	10,040,489			30,84				10,513,863
Equivalent, 1,000 bushels	395, <i>2</i> 73		: 3: 1,1	: 46: 1,21	-	1,354	_	

COARSE GRAINS (grain equivalent): U.S. exports by country of destination, fiscal year 1962-63 (Continued)

		Oats and	products	:		ey and prod	ucts :	Grain :	Grand total	
Netric Metric Metric Metric Metric Metric Metric Metric Metric	-	- Jau		Total :			Total :	corchime	all grains :	De stinati on
	:	Bulk	rackaged	<u> </u>	:	:	:	:	:	
12:	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons			:	:	
12:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:		
	: 12:		= :	-	:	_ :	:	:		
			: :		•	:	:	:		
1	:		:		-		-	:		
- : 264: 264: 972: 11,160: 11,732: - : 43,893: Cong. Republic of the - : 6: - : 6: - : - : 1,986: British East Africa - : 6: - : - : - : 1,986: British East Africa - : 6: - : - : - : 1,986: British East Africa - : 10: - : - : - : 2,096: Chana - 9: 38: 61: 108: : - : - 9: 1,660: Liberta and Cameroon : - 2: - : - : - : - : - : - : - :					:			:	429:	Ethiopia
14	:						11,732:	-		
9: 36: 61: 108: - : - : 9: 1,666: Liberia - : 23: 23: - : - : - : 9: 1,666: Liberia - : 23: 23: - : - : - : - : - : 658: Migeria and Cameroon - : - : - : - : - : - : - : - : 658: Migeria and Cameroon - : - : - : - : - : - : - : - : 646: 898: Migeria and Cameroon - : - : - : - : - : - : - : - : - : 646: 898: Migeria and Cameroon - : - : - : - : - : - : - : - : - : 646: 898: Migeria and Cameroon - : - : - : - : - : - : - : - : - : 646: 898: Migeria and Cameroon - : - : - : - : - : - : - : - : - : - :	:			14:	- :	:		689:	29,936:	British East Africa
9; 38; 61; 108; -: -: 9; 1,660; Liberia -: : 23; 23; -: -: -: 47; Mozambique 13; -: 96; 109; -: -: -: 646; 891; Surfaria and Cameroon 13; -: 96; 109; -: -: -: 646; 891; Surfaria face Republic -: -: -: -: -: -: -: -: 10; Surfaria face Republic -: -: -: -: -: -: -: -: -: -: 10; Surfaria face Republic -: -: -: -: -: -: -: -: -: -: -: 22,738; Agrain and Cameroon -: -: -: -: -: -: -: -: -: -: -: 10; Surfaria face Republic -: -: -: -: -: -: -: -: -: -: -: -: 22,738; Agrain and Cameroon -: -: -: -: -: -: -: -: -: -: -: -: 10; Surfaria face Republic -: -: -: -: -: -: -: -: -: -: -: -: -: -						:	:			
1						_ :	:		1,660:	Liberia
131	:			23:		:	:	:		
13:	:			:		_ :	:	:		
	13:		96:	109:		:	:		891:	South Africa Republic
	:			:		:				
- - - - - - - - - 22/14/31 34,676: Vestern Africa, n.e.c.	:		:	:	_ :	= :		:	5:	
34: 54: 528: 616: 13,749: 11,160: 24,909: 25,983: 372,345: Total	:			:			:			Somali Republic
				:			2/ 000			
					:	:	:			Aden
: 17: 17: 9,997: -: 9,997: -: 10,118: Iran:: 128: Iraq:: 13,543:: 13,543: 131,806: 302,145: Israel::: 18,999: 19,081: Jordan:: 20: 30: 30::: 1,995: Lebanon: 231: 231::: 1,995: Lebanon: 231: 231::: 1,995: Lebanon: 231: 231::: 1,195: Lebanon:: 1,195: Lebanon	:				:	:				
-: -: -: 13,543: -: 13,543: 131,806: 302,145: Israel -: -: -: -: 13,543: -: 13,543: 131,806: 302,145: Israel -: -: -: -: -: -: -: -: -: 18,999: 19,081: Jordan -: -: -: -: -: -: -: -: -: 1,095: Lebanon -: -: 231: 231: -: -: -: -: 1,261: Saudi Arabia -: -: -: 231: 231: -: -: -: -: 20: Syria -: -: -: -: -: -: -: -: -: -: -: 15,119: Turkey -: -: -: -: -: -: -: -: -: -: -: 15,119: Turkey -: -: -: -: -: -: -: -: -: -: -: -: -: 15,119: Turkey -: -: -: -: -: -: -: -: -: -: -: -: -: -	:						9,997:	:		
: : : : : : : 18,999: 19,081: Jordan : : : : : : 295: Kuvait : : 30: 30: : : : 1,095: Lebanon : : 4i: 4i: : : : 15,119: Turkey : : 4i: 4i: : : : 15,119: Turkey : : : : : : 15,119: Turkey : : : : : : : 15,119: Turkey : : : : : : : 46: 652: Mong Kong : : : : : : : 126,15: India : : : : : : 126,15: India : : : : : : : 126,15: India : : : : : : : 126,15: India : : : : : : : 126,15: India : : : : : : : 316: Indonesia : : : : : : : 363: Malaya and Singapore : : : : : : : 363: Malaya and Singapore : : : : : : : 363: Malaya and Singapore : : : : : : : 322: Malaya : : : : : : : 322: Malaya : : : : : : :	:				- :	:	:	:	128:	Iraq
: - : - : - : - : - : - : - : - : -	:		: :	:	13,543:	:	13,543:			
- : - : 231: 231: - : - : - : 1,261: Saudi Arabia - : - : 4: 4: - : - : - : - : - : 15,119: Turkey - : - : - : - : - : - : - : - : - : 15,119: Turkey - : - : - : - : - : - : - : - : - : - :			:	:	:	:	:	:	295:	Kuwait
- : - : 4: 4: - : - : - : - : - : 20: Syria - : - : - : - : - : - : - : - : - : 15,119: Turkey - : - : - : - : - : - : - : - : - : - :						:	:	:		
- : - : - : - : - : - : - : - : - : - :						:	:	:		
- : - : - : 10,793: - : 10,793: - : 24,112: Taiwan - : - : - : - : - : - : - : - : - : 46: 652: Hong Kong - : - : 4: 4: 4: - : - : - : - : - : 126,515: India - : - : - : - : - : - : - : - : - : - :	:		: :	:	:	:	:		15,119:	Turkey
::::::::::	:						-			
78:: 22: 100:: 1,553: 1,553: 566,348: 1,398,690: Japan ::: 242,917:: 242,917: 15,309: 309,441: Korean Republic :::::::: 363: Malaya and Singapore : 4: 12: 16: 7,316:: 7,316:: 38,114: Pakistan 45:: 488: 533: 21:: 21: 108: 22,814: Philippines ::::::: 322: Macao :::::::: 475: Malaya and Singapore :::::: 38,114: Pakistan ::::::: 322: Macao :::::: 342: Burma ::					:	:	:			
78: : 22: 100: : 1,553: 1,553: 566,348: 1,398,690: Japan : : : 242,917: : 242,917: 15,309: 309,441: Korean Republic : : : : : : : 363: Malaya and Singapore : 4: 12: 16: 7,316: : 7,316: : 38,114: Pakistan : 488: 533: 21: : 21: 108: 22,814: Philippines : : : : : : 322: Macao : : : : : : : 27,792: Vietnam : : 10: 10: 10: : : : 27,792: Vietnam : : : : : : : 34: Burma : : : : : : : 34: Laos : : : : : : :	:				:	:	:	:		
	78:				:	1.553	1,553	566.348:	1.398.690:	
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::: _	:		30:	30:	:	:	:	:	34:	French Pacific Islands
331,522: 9,665: 14,620: 355,807: 1,404,144: 65,529: 1,469,673: 3,017,909: 15,357,252: World total			30:	30:		:	:	 :		
			: :	:						
22,840: 666: 1,007: 24,513: 64,491: 3,010: 67,501: 118,809: :Equivalent, 1,000 bushels	331,522					65,529:			15,357,252:	World total
	22,840	666				3,010				Equivalent, 1,000 bushels

Oatmeal.--Exports of oatmeal (bulk and packaged) decreased 32 percent from the 36,000 tons shipped in 1961-62 and 34 percent from the 1960-61 level. This downward trend is the result of smaller supplies and higher prices in the United States.

Barley malt.--Malt shipments increased 23 percent over the 53,000 tons exported in 1961-62, and 10 percent over the 59,000 tons in 1960-61. Venezuela and the Republic of the Congo continued to be the major markets for export.



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GRAIN FG 11-63 December 1963

CURRENT SERIAL RECORDS

RECORD WORLD CORN

PRODUCTION FORECAST

The 1963 world corn crop is at an unprecedented level, according to preliminary estimates of the Foreign Agricultural Service. The world total promises to exceed 8 billion bushels; the previous record was 7.6 billion in 1960.

Larger harvests are reported for most areas and the current estimate is 540 million bushels more than the 1962-63 total. About 390 million bushels of that increase is in the United States alone. France contributed the next largest single increase and the above two countries account for 85 percent of the increase over last year.

The forecast of 8 billion bushels of corn, combined with earlier forecasts for barley and oats, indicates that the world total production of those three feedgrains is at a new high of over 370 million short tons, compared with 357 million a year ago and the 1955-59 average of 325 million. The current high level results from record crops of both corn and barley, more than offsetting smaller outturns of oats. In addition to the three feed grains, U.S. production of 526 million bushels of grain sorghums adds to the supply of feed grains available for export.

World import demand for feed grains may be slightly larger than in 1962-63. Japan's requirements are expected to be larger and reduced harvests in the Soviet Union and parts of Eastern Europe may increase requirements.

North America's corn production is estimated at 4,368 million bushels, some 400 million bushels or 10 percent above the 1962 total. Record harvests in the United States and Mexico account for the increase. The U.S. crop of 4,033 million bushels of corn for grain is slightly more than half the estimated world total and is 125 million bushels above the previous record

CORN: Acreage, yield per acre, and production in specified countries, year of harvest, average 1955-59, annual 1961-63 $\underline{1}/$

		Acreson	/2 4			Yield pe	per acre 3/			Production	tion	
Continent and country	Average : 1955-59 :	1961		1963 4/ :	Average : 1955-59 :		1962	1963 4/	. Average : 1955-59 :	1961	1962	1963 4/
	1,000 :	1,000 :	1,000 :	1,000 : acres	8ushels	Bushels	8ushels	Bushels	1,000 : bushels :	1,000 : bushels :	1,000 : bushels : b	1,000 bushels
North America: Canada	514:	400 : 58,449 :	421 : 56,842 :	500 : 60,880 :	59.8 : 48.7 :	73.0 : 62.0 :	76.0 :	65.5	30,718: 3,234,891:3		6.9	32,772,033,033
	, 1	382:	522:	: :	14.5 :	14.8	17.3	1 1	: 6,240: : 17,500:	7,490:	9,050: 22,460:	1 1 1
Honduras	14,	915 : 15,792 :	988 : 15,814 :	16,060;	13.3	13.9	13.6	14.6	190,630:	218,920:	214,560:	235,000
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	369:	359 :		1 1	12.5 :	13.4	1 1	: :				1 1 370
	85,800:	79,270:	78,030:	82,320:	41.0 :	49.7	50.7	53.1	:3,515,000:3	ๆ	940,000:3,960,000:4,	300,000
Europe: Austria	125 :	: 127 :	134 :	148 :	47.0 :	61.5	56.7	47.4	5,874:	7,810:	7,600:	7,010
	1,455 :	2,410:	2,139:	2,434 :	41.8 :	40.4	34.4	59.2	: 60,766:	10,640:	10,490:	11,890
Italy	'n	3,170:	2,769:	2,772 :	42.6	48.9 :	46.4	53.1	: 139,282:	155,000:	128,400:	147,240
al	1,187:	1,223 :	1,223:	1,211:	34.5	20.3	33.0	33.8	: 17,772: : 32,179:	24,880:	36,220:	39,370
Estimated total Western Europe 6/:	7.540 :	8,540:	7,840 :	8,260:	35.4	39.8	37.0	46.0	: 267,000:	340,000:	290,000:	380,000
		••	••	••	••					••	•• •	
Albania		:		:	19.0 :	1 0	1 7	¦	6,780:	.000		: :
Bulgaria	1,787 :	1,568:	1,570 :	495 :	40.7	41.6	31.8		17,670:	20,700:	18,540:	;
Hungary	3,194 :	3,310:	3,185:	3,217 :	36.2	32.3	40.1	;	: 115,600:	107,000:	127,600:	;
Rumania	8,764 :	8,470 :	7,677 :	8,547 :	20.5	25.4	25.3 34.1	33.3	: 185,502:	179,000:	207,500:	200,000
Estimated total Eastern Europe 6/:	: 20,910:	20,500:	19,420:	20,350:	26.3 :	28.0	31.2	30.2	: 550,000:	575,000:	605,000:	615,000
		29,040:	27,260 :	28,610:	28.7	31.5	32.8	34.8	: 817,000:	915,000:	895,000:	995,000
		17,700 :	17,300 :		26.8	28.2 :	22.3	1	320,000:	500,000:	385,000:	1
	1707		1 6.40	. 648	: 7 71	: 9.00	15.5	19.4	30,690:	39,400:	25,600:	31,900
China, Mainland		. 74 / 47 .						1	435,000:			031 771
India	9,949 :	11,103:	11,316:	11,500:	12.9	15.1	15.7	15.4	: 128,100: : 82,850:	90,500	127,430:	137,800
Indonesia	5,611	107 :	104:	101	32.2	42.7	39.2	40.0	3,900:	4,570:	4,080:	4,035
	1,097 :	1,191:	1,200:		16.4 :	16.4 :	16.2	1 :	18,020:	19,500:	19,400:	46.250
Philippines	3,889 : 275 :	4,977 : 780 :	4,984 : 83 <u>0</u> :	4,054 : 949 :	21.7	30.1	32.3	29.0	5,960:	23,500:	26,770:	27,560
1 6/	46,	53,530:	55,350:	55,070:	16.9 :	16.1	16.7	17.5	: 790,000:	860,000:	925,000:	965,000

	15,620	84,640	;	1	1	1	;	1	:	650,000		1	;	1	29,130	2,900	14,370	1	20,700	650,000		:	520	7,600		20,000
••		79,150:				3,620:	75,000:		230,500:	630,000: 6		.80,000:	0,000				13,700:	8,040:		9 :000,039	••	5,700:	550:	6,350:	••	:6,470,000:7,460,000:7,480,000:8,020,000
••		53,540: 7	,000			3,540:			220,320: 23	560,000: 63	••		373,400: 40							675,000: 68	••	7,450:	545:	8,100:	••	,000:7,48
••					-		~				••															3:7,460
	11,622	63,916:	12,220	19,686	13,110	2,643	52,000:	16,316	141,946	460,000:		173,710	299,000:	4,762	30,170	5,900	11,530:	6,920	13,380	560,000		5,700:	332	6,100:		6,470,000
••	3.7 :	44.1 :								21.0 :	••				7.7	11.9 :	1.4 :			21.6	••		57.8 :	33.0 :	-	32.8 :
••		. 4								:			••		:	:				: 2				3		
	12,4	41.6	:	;	;	;	1	;	:	20.6		27.8	22,1	33,4	17.2	11.1	20.8	13,7	17.8	22.5		26.9	8.89	28.2		31.3
••	7.1 :	28.7 :		••	•	3			22.3 :	18.7 :	"	. 7.0	1.1	4.0	5.4 :	: 9.1	1.4 :	9.2 :	17.2 :	22.5 :		5.3 :	: 6.77	36.8		31.1 :
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	10.1	33,3	8,4	16.7	26.2	13.0	17.6	9.6	14.9	16.0		29.7	19.7	28.2	19.0	12,3	19.1	6.8	19.1	21.5		31,7	55.3	32.1		28.4
••	1.143 :	1.920) · · ·				:	:	:	30,890 :	•	:	:	:	1.643 :	494 :	672 :		:	30,130:	••	215 :	0	230 :	••	244,550:
•	1 104 :	1,901						:		30,510:	•	6.464 :	18,103 :	180	1.730 :	490 :	658 :	188	1.194 :	30,190:		212 :		225 :	•	238,860:
•		1,000						:	006.6	30.010		6.845	17.724 :	184 :	1.754 :	490	. 969	. 079	: 096	30,030 :		2113		220 :	•	239,800:
	1 147 :	1,147	1,921	1,100	1,102	2000	2.960 :	1.705 :	9.540 :	28.750 :		, pp.	15 150 :	160 :	1 585 .	481 :	605	. 777	202	26.020 :		180		190		
	Africa:	MOTOCCO	U.A.K., Egypt	Angola	Congo (Leopoldville)	Kenya 8/	Malagasy Republic	Federation of Allouesia and Nyasarana	FOLLOW A PERSON NESS ALLICA	South Airled, hebusic of	בפרוווומרפת המתחו המתח המתחו ה	South America:			Chile	COTOINING CONTRACTOR C	ECUADOL	TION TO THE TAX TO THE	Managed A. S.	Fetimated total 6/		Oceania:	MUSULding	OL	מו מ	Estimated world total 6/ 227,79

Ly Years shown refer to years of harvest in the Northern Hemisphere. Harvests of Northern Hemisphere countries are combined with those of the Southern Hemisphere hemisphere which follow; thus, the crop harvested in the Northern Hemisphere in 1963 is combined with preliminary forecasts for the Southern Hemisphere harvest which will begin early in 1964. 2/Figures refer to harvested area as far as possible. 3/Yield per acre calculated from acreage and production harvest which will begin early in 1964. 2/Figures refer to harvested area as far as possible. 3/Yield per acre calculated from acreage and production for grain only. 5/Estimates for Northern Hemisphere countries; for the Southern Hemisphere, preliminary forecasts. 5/New series covering corn for grain only. 6/Estimated totals, which in the case of production are rounded to millions, include allowances for any missing data for countries shown, and for other producing countries not shown, 7/Dried corn only, 8/Production on European holdings only. Allowances for native cultivation, not shown, are included in estimated total for Africa.

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in 1960. Harvested acreage was 8 percent below the 1955-59 average but record yields more than offset the decline in acreage.

Mexico's production of 235 million bushels was harvested from 16.1 million acres with average yields of 14.6 bushels per acre, contrasted with the U.S. average of 66.2 bushels. Canada, the third largest producer also has high yields, averaging 65.5 bushels per acre, but acreage is small and production was about 33 million bushels.

<u>Western Europe's</u> corn production was at a new high mainly because of France's increase, which brought production there almost double the above-average 1962 harvest. A substantial increase in Italy accounts for the remainder of the gain.

Corn production in <u>Eastern Europe</u> appears to be changed only slightly from the above-average 1962 outturn despite an estimated 5 percent increase over 1962 acreage. Reliable estimates are not yet available but above average outturns are estimated for the three leading producers, Yugoslavia, Rumania and Hungary.

The <u>Soviet Union's</u> 1963 crop of corn for grain is estimated to show little change from 1962. Acreage has been increased about 45 percent since the 1955-59 period but yields were somewhat below average both this year and last.

Corn production in <u>Asia</u> set a new record this year and is 22 percent above the 1955-59 average. Record or near-record harvests in India, Indonesia, the Philippines, Thailand and Turkey brought the total to a new high. Acreage was slightly smaller than in 1962 but still considerably above average. Thailand's acreage has more than tripled since the average period and a good part of the increased production is being exported to Japan.

African corn production is expected to be larger than in 1962 and considerably above the average. Although it is too early for firm estimates for South Africa, prospects are favorable and the Republic of South Africa expects a larger outturn than in 1962-63. If present prospects materialize that country will account for more than a third of Africa's total. Egypt, the second largest producer, reports a record harvest. Acreage was average but yields were the largest ever reported.

As was the case for South Africa, corn in other Southern Hemisphere countries is in the early growth stage and conditions up to March/April will determine final returns. Thus, forecasts for these countries are subject to considerable revision as the growing season advances.

South America's present outlook is for a smaller crop than last year because of an expected drop in Brazil's production. The record harvest there last year amounted to 59 percent of South America's total corn production. The outlook for the coming harvest is less favorable because of widespread drought, which has held up corn planting.

Corn is of minor importance in $\underline{\text{Oceania}}$. The outlook is for an above average crop there this season.

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